

World Hails Decision on 6 Basques

Franco Commutes Death Sentences

(Continued from Page 1)

that the four or five-hour delay in Gen. Garcia Rebull's signature was beginning to cause ominous rumors about military pressure. The sense of relief was perhaps expressed most vividly by the official controlled news agency CUPRA, one of the less liberal Spanish news organizations. Its first news flash, sent after the cabinet meeting, said simply: "AMNESTIED. AMNESTIED. AMNESTIED."

Tonight, Gen. Franco went on television to deliver his customary year-end address. There were times this morning, as rumors flew and before the sentences were read, when the Information Ministry itself did not know whether there would be a speech.

Gen. Franco, who is 78, was dressed in a dark suit, a white shirt with a stiff collar and a patterned tie. He spoke standing up and looked well, though his delivery was jerky, his voice often quavered, and his words indistinct. Spaniards are used to this, however.

His address was low-keyed. As usual it alluded mostly to the country's growth and progress. At the beginning he referred briefly to "the splatterings of the winds of convulsion in which the world lives."

Only at the end did he refer directly to today's action. He linked the commutation directly to the recent demonstrations of support that have been organized in leading Spanish cities.

"The immense plebiscite of adherence in the Plaza de Oriente in Madrid and throughout Spain that you have offered, not only to me, but also to the Spanish Army and our institutions, have reinforced our authority to the point that it allows us, after consulting the council of the realm, to use our right of commutation, despite the gravity of acts that the Burgos court-martial has judged with high patriotism," he said.

"For the moment, I only feel like dancing."

The Vatican learned of the reprieve with "relief and satisfaction," the chief Vatican spokesman, Federico Alessandrini, said. "The mother of Francisco Javier Larra, one of the reprieved prisoners, said: 'No one can imagine what this means to me.'"

"You have just given me the greatest happiness of my life," she told reporters who brought her the news near Bilbao.

Spanish exiles protesting outside the Spanish Embassy in London changed to dancing and singing when told the news.

A spokesman for the British Council of Churches said: "It is exactly what we were hoping would happen."

In Washington, State Department spokesman Robert McGlothy said: "Naturally, we are grateful that human considerations prevailed and that these sentences against the Basques were commuted."

In Bonn, the West German government welcomed the news "with great relief and satisfaction," a spokesman said, and all three parties in the West German parliament also welcomed the reprieve.

In Spain itself, the bishop of San Sebastian, Mgr. Jacinto Aragall, said the decision would greatly contribute to peace in the Basque province of Guipuzcoa, where a three-month state of emergency was imposed this month.

"At this moment the only thing that I can express is the great happiness I feel," he said.

The governments in many other nations welcomed the reprieve, but the director of the Belgian League of Human Rights, Claude Mertens, cautioned: "One may rejoice because the worst has been avoided, but there is no cause to be optimistic about the future of Spain."

He added, however: "The fact that Gen. Franco has responded to international pressure shows that either the man has changed, or Spain has realized it can no longer live in superb isolation."

A spokesman for the Basque exiles in London said he was not impressed. In the first place, the trial was a farce, he said.

Jordi Vilanova, vice-president of the Catalan National Council, and one of the organizers of the demonstration, said Gen. Franco was forced by international pressure to reprieve the six men and this showed the weakness of his regime.

"Our fight for democratic rights will now really start," he added.

The reprieve came after mounting protests throughout the world against the six death sentences and after many demonstrations had begun today.

Police used tear gas to disperse demonstrators in Rome and French protesters set fire to a bank in Paris last night as protests turned to violence.

U.S. Displays Concern for Soviet Jews

New Yorkers Rally: Senate Votes Protest

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U.S. Opinion

"Public opinion in the United States is virtually unanimous against these sentences," Mr. Goldberg said. "I urge you that the appropriate organs of the Soviet Union review these sentences and specifically the death sentences be commuted and the harsh prison terms suspended. I further urge that the trial be terminated in the common interest of pursuing a détente between our two countries."

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FOR EXAMPLE—The dangers of a Viet Cong boobytrap are explained to a group of U.S. soldiers at a camp near Da Nang. This 50-gallon drum, cut so that sharp jagged edges point out in all directions, can be set to fall out of a tree when triggered by an unwary man.

U.S. Bombs on Ho Trail Create 2,000 Explosions on Ground

SAIGON, Dec. 29 (UPI)—U.S. ported sporadic military jet fighters on a strike against a North Vietnamese supply convoy on the Ho Chi Minh Trail in Laos triggered the biggest secondary explosions in five years of allied bombings there, reliable military sources said today.

The sources said the raid earlier this week produced "well over" 2,000 secondary explosions, indicating that large fuel or ammunition supplies were hit. They said it could have been the most successful bombing mission of the Indochina war.

The informants said the secondary explosions were "popping off" for more than three hours.

The White House disclosed last week that the Communists were moving supplies down the Ho Chi Minh Trail at a rate of 30 percent higher than usual in preparation for a new offensive, possibly in Cambodia.

The B-52 and fighter-bomber strikes against the trail have been the greatest sustained effort of the war—or any other war—but reports from Laos indicate vast quantities of supplies still are getting through.

Threat to North Vietnam

Defense Secretary Melvin R. Laird has taken note of the big Communist push down the trail—really a mass of dirt roads hidden from aerial view by dense jungles—and has threatened to bomb supply dumps in North Vietnam if necessary to protect American lives in South Vietnam.

The fighter-bomber attack was part of a three-month nonstop effort to block supplies. B-52s have almost stopped bombing targets in South Vietnam in an effort to halt the flow of arms and permit continuation of U.S. withdrawal plans.

The strikes were reported shortly before the Viet Cong's three-day cease-fire was to go into effect at 1 a.m. tomorrow, 17 hours before the allies begin their own 24-hour New Year's cease-fire.

As was the case at Christmas, the cease-fires do not apply to Laos and Cambodia.

Sergeant Safe

In Phnom Penh, a bomb was thrown at an American Embassy messenger sergeant's jeep as he drove to work, military police said. The American Embassy said that the bomb caused no damage to the jeep and that the sergeant was not injured.

Cambodian military sources said Ak Neak, 30, chief of the village of Bayap, 2 1/2 miles from downtown Phnom Penh, was assassinated in a Viet Cong raid early yesterday morning.

Police in the area said they had doubled security around the northwestern approaches to Phnom Penh.

Communiqué from Saigon said South Vietnamese paratroops returned to Vietnam from an operation in which they sought to break the five-week siege of Kompong Cham, Cambodia's third-largest city.

Reuters said the South Vietnamese paratroops relieved Kompong Cham without making heavy contact with the enemy, and reopened Highway 7.

Cambodian officers reported that up to six North Vietnamese regiments withdrew north and south of the road two weeks ago as the 2,500-man South Vietnamese force advanced.

The departure of the 2,500 paratroops left about 10,000 South Vietnamese troops in Cambodia, some of them along Highway 7 to the east of Kompong Cham.

South Vietnamese spokesmen reported that the North Vietnamese had been ordered to leave the area.

U.S. Gives Saig Last 125 River Combat Boats

SAIGON, Dec. 30 (UPI)—The United States turned over to South Vietnam today its last 125 of 650 inland coastal waterway combat boats that had been commandeered by the U.S. Navy in 1968.

A brief ceremony marked the completion of a two-year program of withdrawing American sailors from combat in the "brown-water Navy," so called after the muddy color of South Vietnam's many rivers and canals.

About 17,000 American seamen and officers remain on South Vietnamese boats and, shore positions as advisers. T-Advisers will continue to go in battle with the South Vietnamese, although in smaller numbers than before.

No Progress In '70 at Peace Talks

(Continued from Page 1)

place since 1969, when President Nixon said 11 hours consultation had been held. The Communist spokesman said questions about the possibility of holding secret talks in 1971 through last month's North Vietnamese official said privately no such request had been received. He said that such a démarche could not be received.

Nguyen Thanh Le, the Vietnamese press spokesman, said the Hanoi line that the form of meetings is less important than changing the Nixon administration's "warlike, threatening, insolent and arrogant policies."

U.S. Ambassador David Bruce noted that the chance of bringing peace to Vietnam had been lost. "In fact," he said, "a negotiated settlement of conflict seems no nearer than it did a year ago, or even years ago, when these talks began."

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The case has been appealed to the Supreme Court of Militia in Spain, the church's

Adventists Report Spain Member Jai

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (UPI)—The world headquarters of the Seventh Day Adventist Church announced today that one of its members, a Spanish soldier, had been sentenced to six years imprisonment for refusing to stand duty on the church's Sabbath.

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Official Group Urges Brit To Keep Velasquez Portrait

By Bernard Weinraub

LONDON, Dec. 30 (UPI)—A group of artists and writers in the family's collection of paintings in private hands today urged the British government to keep the Velasquez portrait that was sold last month to the Wildenstein Gallery of New York for a world record auction price of \$5,544,000.

The move was made as the National Gallery in London prepared to apply to the government for a loan of the portrait to buy the portrait. "We have asked for a certain amount of cash and have also received pledges of financial support from private sources to keep the painting here," said a spokesman for the National Gallery.

The government's decision will not be known for at least two weeks. The application for a grant must be approved by Parliament, which is in recess until Jan. 13.

Cites 'National Importance'

In making its guarded announcement late this afternoon, the National Gallery said officials knew yesterday that the Reviewing Committee on the Export of Works of Art would recommend that the 17th-century painting remain in Britain.

The committee of arts experts, saying that the portrait had "an exceptional degree of national importance," urged a public collection within the next three months or a special government grant to help keep the portrait of Velasquez's mulatto assistant, Juan de Pareja.

The portrait, the committee said, "should be retained in this country if possible."

The Velasquez portrait was auctioned at Christie's for the Earl of Radnor to settle tax bills on the estate of his father, who died in 1968. The portrait had been

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Pontiff Cites Trials in Spain, Russia as Shattering Events

By Paul Hoffmann

ROME, Dec. 30 (UPI)—Pope Paul VI lamented today that "certain judicial proceedings, causing such much commotion among world public opinion," had shattered the Christmas spirit.

The Pontiff, who addressed pilgrims in the Vatican's Hall of Benediction during his weekly general audience, was clearly alluding to the recent trials in Leningrad and Burgos.

The Pope seemed to have in mind the defendants in the Leningrad case, who were charged with plotting to hijack an airliner, and the Basque extremists tried in Burgos, when he emphasized today that there were ideals that one should serve even if one's life was at stake.

[Pope Paul has received the news of the commutation of the death sentences of the six Basques with "a sense of relief and joy," a Vatican press spokesman said tonight, the Associated Press reported.]

Pope Paul urged modern man to commit himself to lofty moral values and to ask himself: "Do I know what to fight for? Do I have ideas? Do I have a clear notion of something for which it is worthwhile to dedicate and risk my life?"

Only ideas that were considered "more precious than life itself" gave meaning to individual existence, the Pope remarked, and could contribute to the moral betterment of the world. He did not describe these ideas.

[The Associated Press reported that an "anti-pope" loudly denounced Pope Paul VI in an unprecedented demonstration at his weekly public audience today.]

[Pope Paul was walking in front of the crowd at the audience when about 100 men and women shouted at him.]

Mercy Urged For 2 Jews

(Continued from Page 1)

timistic, however. One, a young man who did not identify himself, said that "We are very hopeful that their lives will be spared."

The relatives said only three of the ten defense attorneys would be present for the second session to convene when the prosecution presents its case. There was "no room" to house the rest of the attorneys in Moscow and they must return to Leningrad, the relatives said.

The defendants themselves remained in jail in Leningrad and were not brought to Moscow for the hearing.

The most dramatic event took place inside the courtroom but on the street, where Mrs. Moskova acted as "spokesman" for 15 to 20 Soviet Jews waiting outside for news of the hearing.

She told newsmen that she felt a need to speak "because all we can do now to influence them [the Soviet authorities] is to make noise. . . . If we are silent, they [the defendants] are killed. Now it is the duty of everyone to make as much noise as he can."

A short while later, she walked across the street to buy a cup of tea. Three policemen stepped from a car and grabbed her.

"I struggled. I screamed, because I wanted my people to hear me," she said later. "But they pulled my collar over my head so I couldn't scream."

She said that at the police station they warned her not to talk to newsmen and told her, "We'll see about your case, and maybe you'll be allowed to go to Israel."

She had said earlier that "they won't let us into the court or out of the country."

"I have cancer. My family is in Israel, but I will have to die here. I have wanted to go to Israel, and have been trying to do so since 1946, but they will not let us go."

Pan Am to Lay Off Several Thousand

NEW YORK, Dec. 30 (Reuters)—Pan American World Airways will lay off several thousand of its 40,000 workers early in the new year, the airline's president, Najeeb Halaby, has announced.

Mr. Halaby said the layoffs, which will include pilots and a number of executives, are necessary to get the company "back in the black."

He made the announcement in a tape-recorded message to employees that they can hear by dialing a special telephone number. The message said that those workers affected would receive notice by Jan. 4.

A 'Mutually Advantageous' Trade Policy Urged by Nixon

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (Reuters)—President Nixon today reaffirmed his commitment to the expansion of what he termed mutually advantageous world trade and urged Congress to support policies aimed at this goal.

In a message to Congress, he noted that his proposals for new trade legislation are still under consideration by Congress.

While Mr. Nixon's proposals call for import quotas on textiles to curb the flow of cheap textiles from Japan and other countries into the United States, they also include measures to expand international trade.

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Swiss Tax Official Is 7th Arrested in Phone-Tap Case

GENEVA, Dec. 30 (AP)—Swiss police reported today that they have arrested a tax official in a worldwide Geneva-based telephone-tap case.

They said the man was paid \$14,000 for providing secret information to a local private detective agency.

Six employees of the agency, including the two brothers who ran it and three former police officers, were arrested last week.

The allegedly set up highly sophisticated equipment in Geneva telephone exchange to tap the phones of a senior official of the London offices of Gramco, a mutual-fund group, which suspected him of working for the rival Investors Overseas Services.

Interpol tipped off the Swiss police after receiving allegations that a London agency had masterminded the operation.

The main contact man has been named here as "John S.," a former British police officer.

Swiss investigators allege that the company carried out similar activities throughout the world, using tape recorders and radio transmitters at a charge of \$20 for every 24 hours of tapping, plus around \$4,000 for installations.

Explosion Kills 38 Coalminers in Eastern Kentucky

HYDEN, Ky., Dec. 30 (AP)—An explosion ripped through an underground mine in eastern Kentucky this afternoon and killed 38 men, the governor's office reported.

A spokesman said the miners were trapped by an explosion.

He said the bodies were being removed from the Finley Coal Mine five miles from here.

Rescue workers and mine inspectors had penetrated the mine once but were driven off by carbon monoxide gas. On the second attempt, the bodies were discovered, the spokesman reported.

Earlier, Gov. Louie B. Nunn had alerted the National Guard and directed highway department crews to stand by to keep the road to the mine clear.

Guard of President Slain in Argentina

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 30 (Reuters)—Terrorists sprayed the entrance of President Roberto Levingston's official residence with machine-gun fire yesterday, killing a policeman on guard duty. Gen. Levingston was not there at the time.

Witnesses said the terrorists drew up in three cars and one gunman got out, approached the policeman and tried to disarm him. When he resisted, the man fired several shots, killing the policeman instantly. The gunman fled to the waiting cars.

As the cars sped off, a Molotov cocktail was hurled from one of them and a machine-gun burst was fired from another.

3 W. Germans Douse French Eternal Flame

PARIS, Dec. 30 (AP)—Three West Germans with pockets full of Communist Chinese insignia, today poured pitchers of water on the eternal flame at the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier, extinguishing it.

The police said the three came to the tomb, under the Arc-de-Triomphe, shortly after midnight when there were no other visitors. They were arrested by the permanent police guards, who have a tiny office in the base of the monument.

Dietrich Stegmann, 21, of Bremen, was charged with profaning a sepulcher, and the prosecuting magistrate said he was considering charges of complicity against the other two.

PARIS, Dec. 30 (UPI)—The Health Ministry said yesterday it has lifted a recent ban on imports of live pigs from Belgium, following guarantees from the Belgian government about precautions against hog cholera.

Rostropovich Gives Concert That Was Almost Suppressed

MOSCOW, Dec. 30 (UPI)—A Moscow concert audience gave roaring applause to cellist Mstislav Rostropovich last night at the end of a concert that diplomatic sources said was nearly canceled because of his defense of Nobel prize novelist Alexander I. Solzhenitsyn.

Mr. Rostropovich and fellow soloists David Oistrakh, the pianist, and pianist Sviatoslav Richter took a unanimous seven-minute ovation and five curtain calls over the concert. It was the first performance in the Soviet Union by Mr. Rostropovich since he issued a letter defending his novelist friend, who lives in a garage apartment at the cellist's country house.

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WEATHER

ALBANY	0	F
ALBUQUERQUE	3	48 Partly
ANAKAP	2	36 Very
ATLANTA	1	54 Cloud
ATLANTA	17	63 Very
BALTIMORE	15	59 Partly
BIRMINGHAM	14	57 Very
BOSTON	2	28 Snow
BUFFALO	1	30 Snow
CHICAGO	1	30 Snow
CINCINNATI	1	30 Snow
CLEVELAND	1	30 Snow
DALLAS	1	30 Snow
DENVER	1	30 Snow
DETROIT	1	30 Snow
EL PASO	1	30 Snow
HOUSTON	1	30 Snow
KANSAS CITY	1	30 Snow
LAKE CHARLES	1	30 Snow
LOS ANGELES	1	30 Snow
MEMPHIS	1	30 Snow
MILWAUKEE	1	30 Snow
MINNEAPOLIS	1	30 Snow
MOBILE	1	30 Snow
MONTREAL	1	30 Snow
MURKIN	1	30 Snow
NEW YORK	1	30 Snow
NORFOLK	1	30 Snow
OKLAHOMA CITY	1	30 Snow
PHILADELPHIA	1	30 Snow
PITTSBURGH	1	30 Snow
RICHMOND	1	30 Snow
SAN ANTONIO	1	30 Snow
SAN DIEGO	1	30 Snow
SAN FRANCISCO	1	30 Snow
SARASOTA	1	30 Snow
SEATTLE	1	30 Snow
SIOUX FALLS	1	30 Snow
SPRINGFIELD	1	30 Snow
ST. LOUIS	1	30 Snow
TAMPA	1	30 Snow
TULSA	1	30 Snow
WASHINGTON	1	30 Snow
WICHITA	1	30 Snow
WILMINGTON	1	30 Snow
YAKIMA	1	30 Snow

Logjam Continues

Senate Votes \$18.9 Billion for Health, Welfare Plans

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (UPI)—Senate gave final congressional approval today to a bill apportioning \$18.9 billion for health and welfare programs, but only four days remaining before adjournment there was still talk in the logjam on other bills.

The bill, which would provide for the Labor Department, Health, Education and Welfare Department, is \$210 million more than President Nixon's budget request, but congressional leaders said they would sign the bill.

Muskie Seeks Meeting With Soviet Chiefs

By R. W. Apple Jr.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (UPI)—Senator Edmund S. Muskie, D., Me., has asked for a meeting with Soviet officials during his visit to Europe and the Middle East next Sunday.

Muskie, who is considered a leading candidate for the vice-presidential nomination, will visit West Germany, the United Arab Emirates as part of an effort to build relations as a party spokesman.

A foreign affairs source yesterday said Sen. Muskie promised to meet with M. Kosygin, the Soviet premier, and Leonid I. Brezhnev, secretary of the Soviet Central Party.

John N. McNeill, the senator's personal aide, refused to confirm or deny the reports, saying he had not yet received word from Muskie.

Sen. Muskie will probably visit the Soviet Union.

Foreign Affairs Aide

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (UPI)—Sen. Muskie's personal aide, W. J. Lake, who resigned last week from the staff of the National Security Council, has agreed to be the chief staff man in Muskie's campaign for foreign affairs.

Mr. Lake is in Cairo to advance arrangements for his trip.

On Dec. 31, the Security Council staff, headed by Dr. Henry Kissinger, in protest over the dean's incursion and other staff policies. A career service officer, he had served in several positions in Saigon, South Vietnam, as well as the State Department.

Mr. Lake will be able to help policy development in both the domestic and foreign affairs areas. A specialist may be named to replace Mr. Lake.

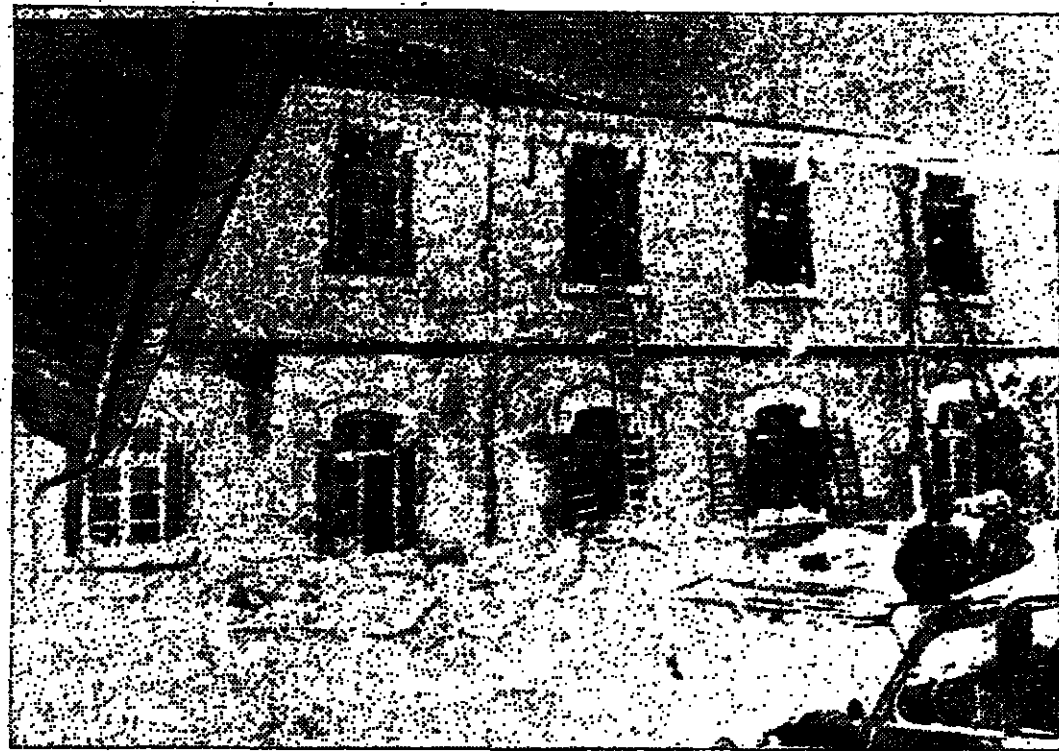
Mr. Lake will be able to help policy development in both the domestic and foreign affairs areas. A specialist may be named to replace Mr. Lake.

Natural Testifies Congress in Role of Defector

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (AP)—A Guard admiral, retiring admiral, testified yesterday that he was a defector from the Soviet Union when he recommended to the Russians a man who tried to escape the Soviet Union.

Adm. William B. Ellis, 61, testified that he was a defector from the Soviet Union when he recommended to the Russians a man who tried to escape the Soviet Union.

WHERE STORM REFUGEES DIED—The officers mess at the Saint Martin de Montellimar, France, barracks whose roof collapsed Tuesday under the weight of accumulated snow, killing two of the 150 motorists who were given shelter there after roads were blocked. Fifteen others were injured. The first autos left the town yesterday.



French Send Troops to Aid Thousands Blocked by Snow

PARIS, Dec. 30 (UPI)—The French government moved troops, police and firemen into the Rhone Valley today to open roads and provide fuel and food for the isolated population, swollen by an estimated 100,000 trapped motorists.

For the first time in three days the snow held off in the normally mild region between Lyons and Marseilles in southeastern France. The respite gave rescue workers a chance to get some highways open and bring in supplies and heavy snowplows to clear the three feet of snow that blanketed the region, isolating farms and villages.

Authorities counted at least 12 dead and scores of injured in storm-connected accidents in France, widely covered by snow and ice.

It was the worst storm in the south in 25 years and night thousands of motorists were stranded by surprise Sunday night on their way to or from Christmas vacations. Thousands headed for makeshift roadside shelters while local officials threw open schools and public buildings to house them after they abandoned their cars.

But many spent more than 24 hours in the snow-blocked in snowdrifts in sub-freezing temperatures. Today, rescuers hauling sledges still were bringing in families trapped in cars for three days without food.

They joined some 6,000 persons stranded in the Montellimar area, many without money or heavy clothing. They were housed in camp beds in all available public buildings, including the mayor's office, or in private houses.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (UPI)—The Senate returned the superconductor transport controversy to a House-Senate conference last evening, but declined to offer any formal instructions to the conferees as to the sort of compromise that might break the month-long SST impasse.

The Senate was virtually unanimous in voting to table the original conference report, which would have funded SST prototype development at the level of \$210 million for the current fiscal year.

The motion to table was supported by those who want more SST money and by those who want none, as a device for opening new negotiations and breaking the filibuster that has blocked any vote on the transportation budget in which the SST appropriation is contained.

King in Hospital Hams on Radio

LONDON, Dec. 30 (AP)—Doctors have allowed King Hussein of Jordan to while away the hours of hospital treatment in London with his favorite toy—a powerful radio transmitter.

After having a powerful aerial erected on the roof of the Nuffield Hospital in sedate Bryanston Square, Hussein spends much of his hospital day contacting fellow enthusiasts around the globe. He is undergoing a two-week medical checkup.

Scientist's Wife Makes Point At Chicago Radical's Expense

CHICAGO, Dec. 30 (UPI)—A woman stabbed a young radical with a knitting needle yesterday as he was shouting slogans and disrupting a scientific discussion on violence.

Mrs. Rosenthal, the wife of a well-known biologist, drew blood when she stabbed Frank Rosenthal in his upper left arm during a meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

Mr. Rosenthal, a 26-year-old graduate student of nuclear physics at Columbia University, yelled and grabbed at Mrs. Rosenthal, who was sitting in the row behind him.

Another woman in the audience took off both her shoes and jumped on Mr. Rosenthal, who was shouting at Mrs. Rosenthal: "You hit this woman, you creep."

Grabs When Struck

Mr. Rosenthal replied indignantly: "I just grabbed her when she stuck a needle in my arm."

Members of the audience then applauded.

Experts Call Waste in Cities A Growing Problem in the U.S.

By Stuart Auerbach

CHICAGO, Dec. 30 (UPI)—American cities waste 96 percent of the water they use and 88 percent of their energy supply. Each American generates a million tons of solid waste a year, and yet American cities haven't changed their method of collecting garbage in 50 years.

Urban scientists Monday sought solutions to these problems of American life. They found that the best answers to the problems besetting American cities are found elsewhere in the world.

South Korea has developed new ways of financing low-cost housing. Other nations in Southeast Asia reuse waste materials, including human waste, in a pollution-free manner. Swedish engineers ten years ago developed a system to push garbage from houses to disposal points through a network of pipes.

"America is not the leader in solving urban problems," Michael Michaels, manager of the Washington office of the Arthur D. Little Co., told a panel on technology and the cities at the annual meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

New Ways in Asia

Southeast Asian nations—faced with great energy shortages and a desire for economic growth—have developed new ways of tackling urban problems, Richard J. Meier, a professor of environmental design at the University of California at Berkeley, told another AAAS panel.

"Saving energy and resources is necessary to them, while it is only interesting to us," said Mr. Meier, a former organic chemist and atomic scientist.

As a result, he said, they have developed ways to reprocess water and human waste in their cities into chemical fertilizers and pure drinking water. They have shortened the time it takes to get food from farm to table, thereby cutting the spoilage rate in half. Using government credit sources instead of subsidies, South Korea has provided low-cost housing for squatters in Seoul.

All the while, he said, the economic growth rates of many Asian nations are soaring.

Meanwhile, Mr. Meier continued, America continues to waste its resources. By emphasizing the use of individual cars instead of mass rapid transit, for example, 40 percent of a city's energy supply is squandered.

\$4.6 Billion on Trash

Frank R. Bowerman, head of the environmental engineering programs at the University of California at Los Angeles, told an AAAS panel that America spends \$4.6 billion a year just collecting garbage and trash—and \$1.1 billion more disposing of it.

"Equipment for door-to-door collection of solid wastes in municipalities is not substantially different now than it was more than a half a century ago," he said.

In Sweden, though, each building has a basement outlet to a city-wide network of pipes. The wastes are pulled through the pipes at 60 miles an hour by vacuum pumps to the disposal site.

Gasoline, Oil Prices Rise Today in Britain

LONDON, Dec. 30 (UPI)—Gasoline and oil prices will be higher in Britain from tomorrow on, Shell-Mex and British Petroleum said today.

The trade price of gasoline, burning oil, gas oil, and fuel oil will rise by 1 1/2 cents a gallon. The new increase is due to higher costs of crude oil in producing countries aggravated by inflation and higher freight costs. Other major suppliers are expected to follow this move.

Lindsay Acts Against Rising Welfare Costs

Rejects Relief Budget; Faces Pay-Hike Action

NEW YORK, Dec. 30 (UPI)—Mayor John V. Lindsay rejected his administration's record \$2.4 billion 1971-1972 welfare budget yesterday because the nation's biggest city "is no longer financially able to meet the rising costs" of relief programs.

This action was drastic and unprecedented but absolutely necessary, Mayor Lindsay said. "The request for increased welfare and Medicaid costs controlled by federal and state regulation exceeds the request submitted last year at this time by \$300 million."

Pressing New York financially from another direction were demands for higher pay by the city's police, firemen and sanitation workers. Contracts governing the three services expire at midnight tomorrow.

The 11,200-member Uniformed Firefighters Association has vowed to undertake a "job action" Friday morning unless the firemen's \$10,950 annual salary is boosted to \$16,000. The threatened slowdown would not affect fire alarms and emergency calls.

Police receive the same salary, and the 30,000-member Patrolmen's Benevolent Association has made the same wage hike demand. The 10,000 members of the Uniformed Sanitationmen's Association want their \$9,871 yearly salaries increased by \$1,500.

Only firemen are permitted in their contract to take a "job action."

It is clear that the city of New York is no longer financially able to meet the rising costs of public assistance and increased medical fees, both of which are mandated by the state and federal governments," Mr. Lindsay told a news conference.

"We have been forced by the severity of our fiscal situation to limit strictly the funds available for wage increases for these uniformed services," he said.

New York is "on the edge" of having the federal and state governments ram down our throats mandated costs for a system that doesn't work," Mr. Lindsay said.

This amounted to about 12.5 percent of the province's total expenses.

Northern Ireland, the scene of numerous clashes between Roman Catholics and Protestants, counted scores of buildings burned and vehicles destroyed. Several persons were killed and hundreds of others wounded.

Ulster Reports Riots Costly

BELFAST, Dec. 30 (UPI)—Riots and sabotage in Northern Ireland cost the province's government about \$12 million during the 1969-1970 fiscal year, an auditor general's report said today.

This amounted to about 12.5 percent of the province's total expenses.

Northern Ireland, the scene of numerous clashes between Roman Catholics and Protestants, counted scores of buildings burned and vehicles destroyed. Several persons were killed and hundreds of others wounded.

Tito Pledges That Yugoslavia Will Strengthen Red Links

BELGRADE, Dec. 30 (UPI)—President Tito said today that Yugoslavia will make efforts in 1971 to further strengthen friendly ties with other Communist countries and warned that escalation of "imperialist actions" would lead the way to a catastrophe.

The 78-year-old Yugoslav Communist leader expressed belief, however, that a turning-point toward peace in international relations would be achieved next year if "all responsible statesmen" realized the danger from this escalation.

In a New Year statement to the nation President Tito said: "My visits, as well as those of other Yugoslav officials, to countries of Africa, Europe and South America have contributed much to the affirmation of Yugoslavia in the world and to the strengthening of friendly relations and cooperation with many countries."

"With socialist countries we shall endeavor in 1971 to widen further all-round cooperation and strengthen friendly relations."

"In the past year we took advantage of visits by many statesmen—including the President of the United States—to our country to set toward calming the situation in the world and halting interventions and wars against peoples who wish to solve freely, themselves, their internal problems."

"We acted toward solving disputed international questions in a peaceful way, and not by the use of force. This particularly applies to wars in Vietnam, Cambodia, Laos and in the Middle East, where Israel still steadfastly refuses to quit occupied Arab territories and begin negotiations."

"If all responsible statesmen became aware that further escalation of imperialist actions and aims would certainly lead to a catastrophe, I believe that in 1971 there would be a turning point toward the victory of peace and peaceful international cooperation," Mr. Tito said.

On the situation in his country Mr. Tito said various difficulties and problems were exaggerated, and that "similar difficulties exist in almost all countries."

"I think that such irresponsible criticism comes mainly from those people who are not responsible for anything, and who often do not wish to take responsibility and do something," he said.

My Lai Suspect, 15 Others Cleared In Atlanta Slaying

ATLANTA, Dec. 30 (UPI)—Police today dropped murder charges against all but one of 17 young hippies accused of killing a motorcycle-gang member.

One of the youths cleared of the charge is a My Lai massacre suspect.

Army Spec. 4 Robert W. T'Souvas, 21, of San Jose, Calif., who is accused of two murders at My Lai, was one of the persons rounded up at a boarding house in Atlanta's "Tight Squeeze" hippie area in the investigation of the shotgun slaying of Barry Leigh McSherry, a bearded 6-foot-7 motorcycle-gang member.

Spec. 4 T'Souvas and 18 other hippies were initially charged with murdering Mr. McSherry. In a preliminary hearing today the murder charges were dropped against all of them but John Wesley Roberts, 18.

All 17 continue to be charged with violation of narcotics laws and occupying a disorderly house.

U.S. Navy Chief Eases Path to Admiral Rank

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (UPI)—Adm. Elmo R. Zumwalt, the Chief of Naval Operations, has abolished the old requirement that officers hold a major command at sea before they are promoted to admiral, the Navy said yesterday.

The order cites the smaller U. S. Fleet and the need for officers to serve longer tours in their specialties, which might include primarily shore-based duties. The admiral, who is noted for his morale-boosting orders permitting beer in enlisted men's barracks, had rock clubs at naval bases and longer hair styles, decreed that henceforth there would be "one command tour at sea or ashore" for officers before reaching the rank of admiral.

U.S. Archaeologists Urged To Act Against Art Looting

By Karl E. Meyer

NEW YORK, Dec. 30 (UPI)—American archaeologists were urged yesterday to speak out against what many privately agree is an international scandal—the systematic pillaging of ancient sites by looters and antiquities dealers.

The appeal was made by a young Philadelphia scholar who reported, with some bitterness, that a major discovery in underwater archaeology turned into a mere salvage operation because scuba-diving thieves had reached an art-laden ancient shipwreck first.

"How long must this go on?" asked David I. Owen of the University of Pennsylvania Museum. "The reports of looted and destroyed sites are now so common that one hardly takes notice anymore. When will the archaeologists get together and assert their collective voice?"

"Until we stop worrying about our personal stakes in the field and work together as a body, nothing will ever be done. In 20 years, if it takes that long, when many of the major land and underwater sites are destroyed, we can look back and blame only ourselves for lack of initiative and total disregard of the facts."

Shipwreck Looted

Mr. Owen was reporting to the annual meeting of the Archaeological Institute of America on an art-laden shipwreck of the 4th century BC located in 1969 in the Strait of Messina. He said that by the time archaeologists began work they found that all the prize pieces had been stolen for sale in the international art market.

The institute's president, Prof. Rodney S. Young of the University of Pennsylvania, is expected to propose support for a UNESCO convention aimed at ending the illicit international trade in ancient art treasures.

Brother S. Dominic Ruegg of St. Mary's College in California, also said that "we are in a race against time. In my judgment, in three or four years nothing may be left to discover unless something is done to protect these underwater wrecks from local pillagers."

George E. Mylonas, a leading authority on Mycenaean civilization and art, was awarded the gold medal of the institute last night after he gave an address on his special field. An American, he is director of Mycenaean archaeology in Greece and a member of the Academy of Athens.

Non-White U.S. Immigration Jumps Sharply Over Decade

DETROIT, Dec. 30 (AP)—U.S. Census Bureau figures show that non-white immigration in the United States jumped sharply between 1960 and 1970, accounting for 13.6 percent of all immigrants.

This compares with 4.4 percent for the previous 10 years, reported Robert Warren, a Census Bureau official, who announced the figures yesterday at the Allied Social Sciences convention.

He said the increase stemmed from the immigration act of 1965, which allowed, for the first time, large-scale immigration from countries outside of northern Europe.

Mr. Warren said non-white immigration was 132,000 in the 1960s, compared to 524,000 in the last decade. He could not provide figures on specific races, but said that the immigration of Asians appears to be predominant.

He said the "non-white" category includes Negroes from Africa, Central and South America, and Chinese, Japanese and other Asians.

Mr. Warren said immigration from 1960-70 was about 3.9 million persons, which was a 900,000 increase over the previous decade.

He said immigration has become increasingly important, noting that there were decreased rates of birth in the United States. He added that immigration counts for about 20 percent of total population growth, while it was 11 percent a decade ago.

The official noted, however, that about 250,000 persons left the United States in the 10-year period to go to other countries. He estimated that future immigration to the United States would probably stabilize at about 400,000 annually.

Ankara Police Kill Student, Shut Campus

ANKARA, Dec. 30 (Reuters)—A student was killed today when police opened fire after opposing university student factions clashed in the Turkish Black Sea port of Trabzon.

Strong riot-police units were reported surrounding the university tonight. The authorities have ordered a four-day closure in an attempt to restore calm on the campus.

The student died when police opened fire during an attempt by rightist students to enter the Black Sea Technical University, which was occupied by leftist students.

The leftist's hurled dynamite, drawing police fire.

The dead youth, identified as Umur Caydar, a 18-year-old high-school student, was the 18th fatal victim of student violence here in the past two years.

The clashes in Trabzon were the latest incidents in a wave of violence sweeping Turkey.

Early yesterday two bombs exploded in Ankara, wounding a nightwatchman at the offices of the moderate Turkish trade-union confederation.

On the previous night two policemen guarding the American Embassy here were wounded by shots fired from a speeding car.

The confederation's secretary-general, Etil Tunc, responded to the bombings by calling for a nationwide two-hour strike of at least a million Turkish workers in the near future as a "demonstration against rising prices on the one hand, and on the other to ensure that all concerned should take measures to resolve the crisis in which our society finds itself at the moment."

East Germans Seized U.S. Citizen For Hitting Guard

BERLIN, Dec. 30 (UPI)—A 24-year-old American was arrested in East Berlin last Saturday after allegedly striking an East German border guard, it was learned today. American officials identified the arrested man, a tourist, as Ronald F. Mudd from Toledo, Ohio. News of the arrest reached U.S. authorities here through the West Berlin police, who in turn were informed by the East Germans.

Mr. Mudd was understood to be held on charges of causing bodily harm to an East German officer. The incident was said to have occurred at 2 a.m. Saturday at the Friedrichstrasse elevated stop, an East-West crossing, as the black American was about to return to West Berlin from a visit to the East.

He was reportedly arrested by the East German guard after having overstayed the time limit on his entry visa. Under East German regulations, visitors on day passes must leave East Berlin by midnight.

On the situation in his country Mr. Tito said various difficulties and problems were exaggerated, and that "similar difficulties exist in almost all countries."

6 GIs Held in Italy On Narcotics Charges

PISA, Italy, Dec. 30 (AP)—Six U.S. soldiers of the Camp Darby NATO base have been arrested on charges of illegal possession and use of drugs, Italian police announced today.

The police said the six soldiers were caught in the U.S. military hospital at nearby Calabrone while they were under the effect of drugs. The arrest took place several days ago and the six soldiers have been jailed in Pisa.

Death Sentences Commuted in Ark. By Rockefeller

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Dec. 30 (UPI)—Gov. Winthrop Rockefeller, in one of his last official acts before leaving office yesterday, commuted to life in prison the death sentences of 11 men on death row in Arkansas.

It was the first time in U.S. history that a governor had commuted at one time all men sentenced to die in his state by killing for the bombing of the Birmingham hotel where they were under the effect of drugs. The arrest took place several days ago and the six soldiers have been jailed in Pisa.

"I will not and cannot turn my back on lifelong Christian teaching and principles," Gov. Rockefeller said at the state capitol.

Gov. Rockefeller was defeated in a re-election bid Nov. 3. He will leave office Jan. 12.

"I yearn to see other chief executives throughout the nation follow suit, so that as a people we may hasten the elimination of barbarism as a tool of American justice," he said.

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More Tyranny for Greece

By its last actions of 1970, Greece's military dictatorship has rendered even more ludicrous the claims of its apologists in Washington that it has established a "trend toward a constitutional order." These typical moves by Colonel Papadopoulos and his colleagues merely expose the bankruptcy of U.S. policy toward Greece.

"As far as the question of the regime and the constitution are concerned, there will be no change in the coming year," said Premier Papadopoulos in a year-end policy statement. He left no doubt that this meant perpetuation of martial law with special military tribunals and the suspension of basic freedoms.

This declaration was received in pained silence by the State Department, whose spokesman had detected the "trend" toward constitutional order as a justification for resumption of major military aid to the junta in September. It made a poor prophet of Deputy Assistant Secretary of State Roger Davies, who predicted to a Senate committee in June that the junta would implement its constitution "by the end of this calendar year."

With fanfare, the junta announced on Christmas Eve that it had released 305 political prisoners. It neglected to mention that right through the Christmas period it persisted with a new series of arrests, including a former judge, three former mem-

bers of parliament, prominent lawyers and several women. These arrests brought to about 90 the number of persons detained for political reasons in December alone.

The junta also ignored until it was too late an extraordinary request by three U.S. senators that it grant a temporary safe passage to enable a respected, self-exiled Greek journalist, Elias Demetriadis, to go to his dying father. The request was forwarded through Ambassador Henry J. Tasca in Athens, who proved as ineffectual in this compassionate matter as in other dealings with the colonels.

The Athens regime finished 1970 in greater international disrepute and isolation than ever before in its 44 months of power. It has renounced the agreement which gave the International Red Cross access to its political prisoners. It is out of the Council of Europe. Its agreement with a critical European Common Market has been shelved indefinitely and it was blasted by an International Labor Organization commission for suppressing 250 trade unions without cause.

All this adds up to tragedy for the Greek people but it also reflects discredit on an American government that still pretends to take junta promises seriously and evidently sees no peril in its lonely support for oppression and tyranny.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Mrs. Gandhi's Gamble

Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's decision to hold elections in India next March, a year ahead of schedule, represents a desperate bid to reverse a tide of despair and anarchy that increasingly threatens Indian democracy.

Although Mrs. Gandhi has scored some local electoral successes since her break with the conservative old guard of the Congress party last year, there is no assurance that the prime minister's New Congress party can win the parliamentary majority she says she needs to carry out her program of "Socialist" development. The New Congress is still weakly organized in many areas and only recently has suffered setbacks in two pivotal states—Uttar Pradesh and Bihar—where rightist-dominated coalitions have seized power.

Hopes for a New Congress victory rest primarily on Mrs. Gandhi's personal popularity as Nehru's daughter and as champion of such popular causes as bank nationalization and abolition of princely privileges. But the unprecedented decision to seek a mid-

term election apparently was based less on confidence in New Congress strength under Mrs. Gandhi's leadership than on fear that time will erode the government's present advantages as rural unrest spreads and the opposition moves toward great unity.

It is one of the ironies of current Indian politics that the "green revolution" of which New Delhi boasts is actually spreading discontent in the countryside, where it has seriously aggravated social and economic disparities. Mrs. Gandhi's shrewd political maneuvers have kept the opposition off balance so far, but they have also increased the incentives for combinations against her.

If Mrs. Gandhi's gamble succeeds, India could enter a new era of more mature political stability and more energetic development under a moderately leftist regime. If, however, the New Congress fails to gain a working majority in the coming election, the present trend toward fragmentation in Indian politics will probably be accelerated, with potentially disastrous consequences for the subcontinent.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Talks That Must Not Fail

Israel's welcome decision to resume indirect peace talks with Egypt at the United Nations has been greeted with unhealthy skepticism in both Cairo and Jerusalem.

The pessimism voiced by both Arabs and Israelis as Ambassador Jarring prepares to renew his mission may seem amply justified by past experience and by the intransigent public positions staked out by leaders on both sides during recent diplomatic maneuvering. But such negativism ill serves the cause of peace.

This is a negotiation that cannot be allowed to fail. Failure would result, almost without question, in an eruption of violence at unprecedented levels between the reinforced armies facing each other along the Suez front. And with that conflict would go a very strong possibility of direct involvement of the two major world powers.

This terrible prospect requires Arab and Israeli negotiators to approach their difficult task with a more positive and flexible attitude than either has yet displayed.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

Spain on Trial

The Burgos judges went the whole way. After a scandalous parody of a trial, after waiting for 20 days, they sentenced six young Basques to die. Will General Franco—who has the right to pardon—also go the whole way? Will he once again show his contempt of the judgment of other nations by throwing six corpses in the world's face? In such a case, he would not only have to bear the consequences of such an attitude at a time when his country is trying to adapt itself to the economic pace of Europe, but also face the growing discontent and anxiety in circles most favorable to his regime. Will the Caudillo, on the contrary, heed the appeals that come plentifully from everywhere? Can the successor of the very Catholic kings fail to heed Paul VI's voice? Everything recommends a pardon: justice and humanity, but also the political interest of Spain and her regime. Yet nothing so far gives us any certainty that the head of the Spanish state is to change the direction of his justice.

We hope that Gen. Franco will know how to show a leniency expected by the entire world, as he has already done in the past. But after Burgos, Leningrad, after the mercilessly checkmated Polish insurrection, after Prague, Budapest, in the face of such an escalation in bloodshed, we also shall

say, together with the prime minister (Chaban-Delmas) that, after all, it is nice to live in France and that everything must be done to preserve our freedoms here."

—From L'Aurore (Paris).

The Burgos trial misfired: It has forged a unity among the internal opposition to the Franco regime and has aligned Europe's progressive forces. The trial only increases world sympathy toward the Basque patriots.

—From Magyar Hirlap (Budapest).

In some respects the international uproar about the Basques may not have helped their case.

The recent demonstrations in support of the Franco government may have had some spontaneity, in that public memory recalls the horrors of the civil war and the degree of foreign subversion then.

—From the Daily Telegraph (London).

After the sentences announced Monday, Spain presents the image of a grisly Ruritania, combining outrageous brutality with a sizable but unredeeming measure of dot-tiness.

—From the Scotsman (Edinburgh).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

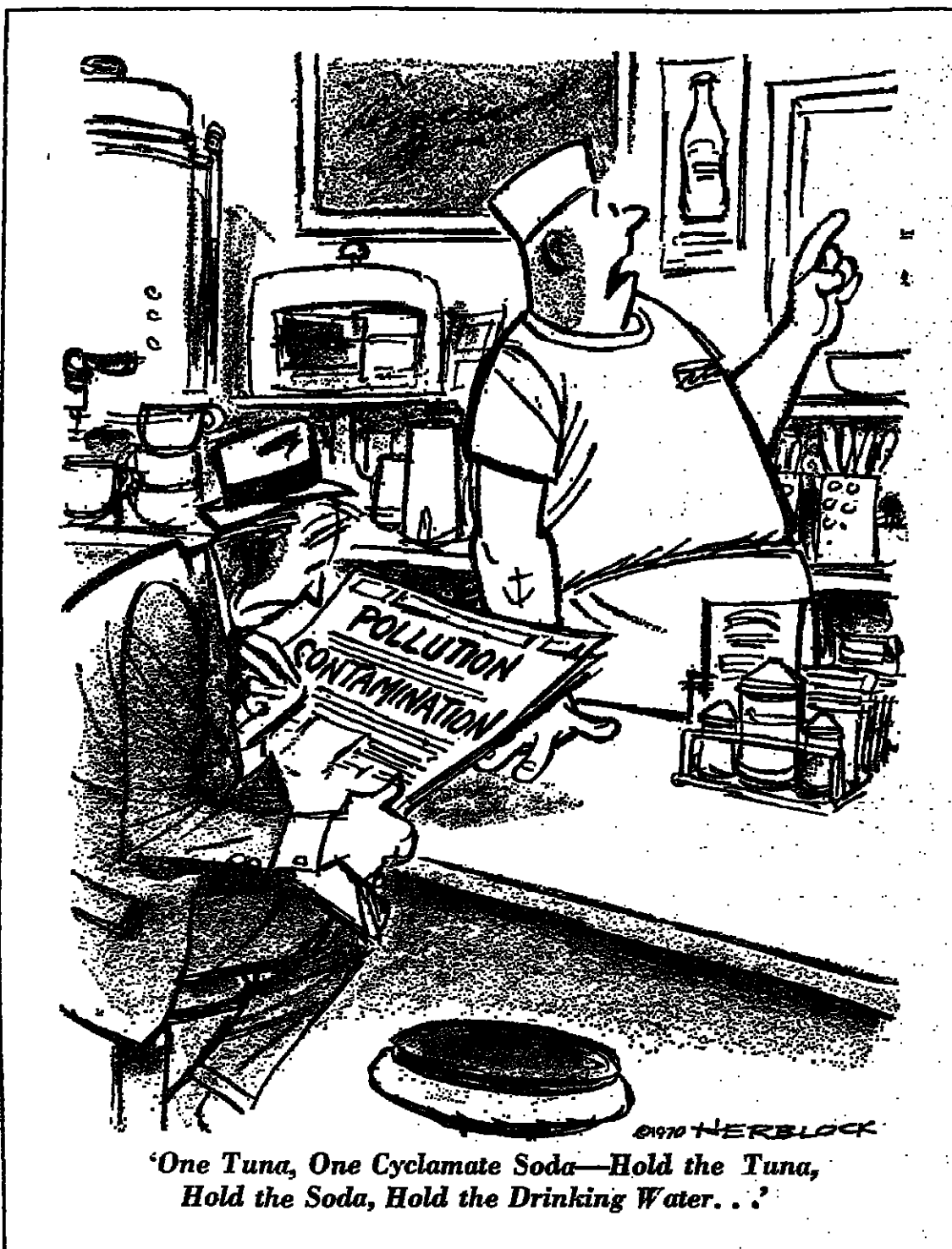
December 31, 1895

PARIS.—It is reported here from New York that President Cleveland's Administration is about to present a demand for damages which may be framed as an ultimatum to Turkey. Is it possible that Mr. Cleveland, having found the Venezuelan crisis subsiding, is determined to provide further excitement to keep himself before the public, like a theatre manager who frequently changes his bill?

Fifty Years Ago

December 31, 1920

LONDON.—Great Britain has decided to stand by France in the event of a further occupation of Germany to enforce disarmament. While there is every disposition to grant Germany what relief seems wise economically, there is an adamant determination to insist upon her disarmament, not only as a matter of the German obligation under the Peace Treaty, but as a matter of stern pounds, shillings and pence necessity.



'One Tuna, One Cyclamate Soda—Hold the Tuna, Hold the Soda, Hold the Drinking Water...'

Russians to the Rescue

By Claire Sterling

CAIRO.—The first stage of a massive rescue operation is about to get under way here to check accelerating erosion of this country's delta coastline and 500 miles of Nile riverbed between the new High Dam at Aswan and the Mediterranean Sea. The project, known as the Nile Cascade, will be supervised by a team of Soviet engineers. It is designed to slow the flow of Nile waters downstream from the dam which would otherwise eventually cause the collapse of three old barrages and 550 new bridges built in the last 18 years. The ultimate cost of this project, according to Under Secretary Asis Hana of Egypt's Ministry of the High Dam, will be around a quarter of a billion dollars.

Despite the considerable strain this puts on Egypt's slender financial resources, the need has become increasingly urgent since the high dam was sealed six years ago, impounding the Nile waters behind it in the artificially created Lake Nasser. Since the dam is of the solid-rock gravity kind, it has no sluices to release the heavy silt carried down from the Nile's African headwaters. The limpidly clear water flowing through the turbines has therefore tended to move much more swiftly downstream, causing progressive erosion of the riverbed in what is called a "scouring" process. The resulting degradation of the riverbed is already undermining the first of three downstream barrages, at Esna, and threatening the other two, at Hag-Hammadi and Asut about 120 miles apart.

Coastline Eroded

The powerful river current is also doing serious erosion damage to the delta coastline, especially at the mouth of the Nile's Damietta Branch, as well as to the area north of Lake Burlos in the middle of the delta, where the beach separating the lake from the sea is gradually crumbling. Further coastal erosion is also being caused by the fact that, without the annual hundred million tons of Nile mud deposited along the eastern Mediterranean's continental shelf, strong west-to-east sea currents are now carrying away parts of the Egyptian shoreline. In some areas at the rate of several meters a year. The city of Alexandria is among the regions affected and plans for a new Russian-built port at Damietta have been dropped, reportedly for this reason.

Although officials at Cairo's hydro-biological institute doubt that the erosion will become seriously damaging in less than ten or 15 years, it is already menacing enough to necessitate expensive governmental intervention. The Nile Cascade will not check coastal erosion from the sea, a problem still under study by Egyptian and UNESCO experts. It will be limited to controlling the scouring of the Nile riverbed by building ten new barrages, judiciously spaced downstream of the High Dam to minimize the gradient of the water and thus slow the current. Each

barrage will cost about \$22 million.

Ultimately, these barrages would be capable of producing extra electrical power, adding some six billion kilowatts to Egypt's present capacity of 20 billion. But there is no thought here of installing turbines for the time being. Since completion of the Aswan High Dam, which doubled the country's supply of power, the Egyptians have more electricity than they know what to do with. So far, according to Under Secretary Hana, they are able to utilize only three billion of the ten billion kilowatts which the dam's turbines can generate, and only two of the 12 turbines are actually kept working. Unless the government can find the necessary \$2.5 million it has calculated would be needed for an elaborate industrialization pro-

gram, it is unlikely to find a use for the remaining power potential at Aswan for at least another decade.

Short of money as they are, therefore, the Egyptians are planning for the present not only to build the barrages without turbines, but also to build only the first three provided for in the Nile Cascade blueprint, most immediately and urgently needed, closest to the dam itself. The remaining seven will be put off as long as they safely can, which may not be as long as some experts had expected. While a certain amount of riverbed scouring downstream had been predicted when the High Dam was built, the dimensions of the problem appear to have caught most Egyptians by surprise—only one of the ecological surprises the dam has brought, but a major one.

The Cheerful Grumblers

By James Reston

LONDON.—The British are grumbling at the end of the year about strikes, prices, and other awkward nuisances, but in a world of hatred, their grumbling seems almost amiable. Maybe it was just an accident, but the long London garbage strike ended just before the Christmas holidays, and the airline workers shelved their grievances until after the holidays.

Things have a way of working out in this country, and if they don't the people "make do and mend." There is plenty of go in them, but somehow they know when to pull up. Compared to the bitter quarrels in the United States and the grim patience of the Russians, even their grumbling is a welcome relief.

Ernest Bevin, the former British foreign secretary, used to say here at the end of the war: "The trouble with our people is their poverty of desire. They are too nice. They settle for less than they deserve." Well, that is no longer true.

They are demanding and enjoying more of the pleasures of life, which they were denied for so long, and a visitor has a suspicion that while they are no longer showing us how to run the modern world, they may just teach us how to live in it.

Unlike most cities in the world, London is still a collection of villages. The carolers were still wandering through the narrow streets of Chelsea this Christmas singing the old hymns in the snow. Kings Road, with its antique and Mod shops, and its young swingers with their long hair and Edwardian clothes, was like a costume party. Still, there is that blithe old grumbler, J. B. Priestley, complaining in the New Statesman about the lack of excitement in British life and urging the politicians to liven things up a bit.

"We may think we want money and all the things money can buy," he wrote, "but what we really want is an exciting, dramatic kind of life, each of us playing an heroic role. And if we don't get it, we begin to feel bored, irritable, frustrated... Our fundamental problems are psychological and not political-economic. It is what people are feeling that counts... We can ask our political leaders to remember that we are easily bored, and long for the dramatic and the heroic, events not smaller but larger than life."

This is not a cry for the old days

of Empire. One has the impression that most people here are not longing for the imperial world that is gone, but are rather enjoying the absence of responsibility and clinging at the ankles of the awkward giants in Moscow and Washington. Priestley is undoubtedly right in saying that "it is what the people are feeling that counts," but the people in the United States and in the Soviet Union seem far more bored, irritable and frustrated than the British people, who somehow manage to enjoy the simple pleasures of life.

Similar Problems

London has most of the problems of New York, but it has them on a smaller scale. It is crowded and choked with traffic, but the pace is slower here and the scrimmage not so violent or angry. A New Yorker coming here is almost startled to discover that there really is a commodity known as spare time, and that people still use it to walk in the country, or simply to visit and talk.

"The ill-will department is certainly working overtime nowadays," says Priestley. "Everybody is so busy tearing the world in two that sometimes when I can't sleep, I think I can hear it screaming... Only intolerance is tolerated."

Yet everything is relative and much depends on where you were before you came to London. Coming here from Moscow, Tel Aviv and Cairo, one is struck, not by the contentment in the headlines, but by the cheerfulness of the people. They are not particularly pleasant to foreigners, but they are pleasant to one another, and remarkably tolerant, even of eccentricity.

If they were really longing for new challenges and the dramatic and heroic life, they would probably be pressing their government to get Britain into the European Common Market, but they're doing nothing of the sort. It is not that they question their ability to compete, for modesty was never Britain's foremost characteristic. Nor do they question that competition would make them more efficient and keep them on their toes.

Odd Languages

It is just that living life on tip-toe seems to the British rather tiresome, if not downright silly. All that pushing and shoving and competing with all those efficiency

Nixon's Legislative Plans Surprise Package

By Joseph Alsop

WASHINGTON.—Both the country and the new Congress are likely to be astonished by the sheer innovating boldness of the core of President Nixon's next legislative program. If approved, it will change more things in more ways—and mostly very healthy ways—than any domestic proposals any recent President has put forward.

The suggestion that the President might request a value-added tax to raise more revenue has already been made by the astute David Broder of The Washington Post. That, in itself, will be a most radical though necessary new departure. But the requested new tax will be only one part of a three-part package, in which all three parts will be closely linked.

The second part will involve massive devolution, in areas like health, education, welfare, transit and perhaps many more, from the federal government to state and municipal governments and other appropriate local authorities, like school boards.

The condition-ridden, red-tape-entangled federal grants for these purposes will be converted into shared federal revenues. There will be minimal strings attached, except that the state and other local governments will have to spend the shared revenues for the same purposes originally assigned.

The key decisions, as to how the money can be best spent, will thus become largely local rather than central.

Shared Funds

The third part of the package, finally, will be a massive increase in the total of federal revenues to be shared in the manner above-described. This will be financed, in turn, by the temporary assignment of the value-added tax, already mentioned. The history of this remarkable, indeed, near-revolutionary, proposal begins with an exploration of President Nixon's "new federalism" in the office of White House staff member John Ehrlichman. The first idea was simply to take \$27 billion in the old "categorical grants," and to convert \$15.4 billion, or all that could be reasonably converted, into shared revenues.

In principle, the idea looked attractive, at any rate to the true believers in the new federalism. In practice, however, it looked impossible. No receipt of any category of grant was to get more money. Huge bureaucratic interests were to be attacked head-on. The number of federal bureaucrats to be left without jobs, for instance, was estimated at 90,000.

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East German Guinea Role Seen by Bonn Illusion Alleged Portuguese Action

IV. Dec. 30 (Reuters)—A has accused West Germany of an invasion of the country in last week's invasion of the country, according to a senior Ministry official said here.

Secretary Sigismund von was speaking at a press conference following Monday's expulsion from Guinea of Germany's entire development mission there.

The ambassador to Conakry, a German, summed back up the Foreign Ministry situation, was also present, to comment on what role Germany, which has had ties with Conakry since 1961, played in the alleged invasion.

He said: "We cannot assume that [Sekou] Touré would do without any reason, we must that false information was fed to him."

He further commented: "Someone gave us information."

He also asked about Gustav Heilmann to Mr. Laue, saying in a that he no longer enjoyed it.

West Germans are being Conakry, the Foreign Ministry named the two as an youth village project, other man so far identified: Mr. Marx.

He said the forthcoming talks, under the auspices of the UN Middle East mediator Ambassador Gumar V. Jarring of Sweden, should be carried out with "urgency but patience."

Both parties will be required to overcome the emotion and complexity of the long-standing Middle East rivalry, he said.

Mr. Eban, in an hour-long news conference, revealed nothing specific about Israel's negotiating posture in the opening round of the Jarring talks, except to repeat government positions and the expectation that Egypt, too, will restate its traditional positions before the two sides get down to serious business.

Mr. Eban again stated his belief that the "process of the dialogue" could in itself bring into view the prospect of peace, which, he admitted, is not yet in sight.

Opening Is Important
"It would be light-headed of me to use the word optimism," he said. "But it has been frequently demonstrated that the mere entry upon negotiations has a de-escalatory effect even before they succeed in their purpose."

Mr. Eban rejected Egyptian insistence on an immediate timetable for the withdrawal of Israeli troops from the territories occupied in the 1967 war. "When we know the date of the signature of a peace treaty between the United Arab Republic and Israel, it will not be difficult to arrange the implementation of the territorial and military provisions of this treaty," he declared.

The foreign minister, who will manage the diplomatic efforts on Israel's behalf whether he participates in person or not, disclosed that he had been poring through the records of "all the negotiations that have gone on around the world since the end of World War II."

"The most important thing in any negotiation is that the parties must clearly define their aims," he said. "Our goal of negotiations is the realization of a state of peace between Israel and its neighbors."

Curb on Language
To improve the atmosphere in which the talks will take place, he urged all spokesmen to guard the language they use in public, even to their own citizens, so as not to inflame emotions.

Mr. Eban confirmed that he had officially informed Mr. Jarring that Israel was ready to resume the talks that it had broken off after only one working session, last Aug. 25. He expressed the hope of seeing the Swedish intermediary soon, but did not insist that Mr. Jarring visit Jerusalem before opening the negotiations.

U.S. Is Hopeful
WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (UPI)—The State Department today expressed pleasure that all sides have now decided to resume the Middle East peace talks but warned that no quick results should be expected.

Department spokesman Robert J. McCloskey said that the United States "is pleased that the government of Israel has taken final action and decided to resume talks. All concerned now have taken the same decision."

Mr. McCloskey expressed the hope that "serious negotiations will ensue." He added, however, that "these negotiations doubtless will be difficult and one should not expect quick results. We believe that it is important that all concerned look forward and not backward."

Rockslide Hits
Israeli Settlement;
At Least 19 Die
NEOT HAKIKAR, Israel, Dec. 30 (AP)—A rockslide crashed down a mountainside into a dining hall at lunchtime today at this frontier farm settlement and unofficial reports said 19 Israelis were killed and others were feared missing.

Bulldozers and rescue teams were still clearing away debris hours later. There was fear the casualty figures might go higher.

Most of the dead were reported to be soldiers. Among the injured were a number of civilians and army girls.

A spokesman of the Israeli military command described the rockslide as a "natural disaster" and said there was no evidence of sabotage.

Neot Hakikar is two miles from the Jordanian border about 12 miles south of the Dead Sea. The settlement has been a frequent target of Arab guerrilla attacks from Jordan in the past.

5 Arabs Sentenced
GAZA, Occupied Gaza Strip, Dec. 30 (AP)—An Israeli military court today sentenced five Arab students to prison terms ranging from 10 to 20 years. They were convicted of throwing hand grenades which wounded nine civilians.

5 Die in Air Collision
SACATON, Ark., Dec. 30 (UPI)—Five persons were killed when two light planes collided while in flight, police reported yesterday.

Biggest land boom in is in tax-free Andorra. Information on investment, details of land and chalets for sale, write: ILL STEIN, Place de Tercet, Escaldes, Principat d'Andorra.

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Revolution Is Still Basis of Cuban Policy

Castro Aide Stresses
Latin-American Goal

By David F. Belnap

SANTIAGO, Chile, Dec. 30.—Cuba has not abandoned the principle of revolution as a prescription for most of Latin America and it does not intend to do so.

This was made clear by Carlos Rafael Rodriguez, a top spokesman for Fidel Castro who headed the Cuban delegation at the inauguration of the Marxist-oriented government of the People's Union here.

His observations are significant because official opinion is growing in some Latin-American countries that Cuba has stopped supporting armed revolution at the request of its Soviet ally whose current tactic is peaceful penetration.

Addressing a local press conference on the eve of formal re-establishment of diplomatic relations between Chile and Cuba, Mr. Rodriguez said:

"Categorically, we do not consider canceled the frequent revolutionary postulation, to which our country subscribes, that in Latin America the fundamental way toward development of revolution is by means of arms."

Transcript Published
Outside of Chile, little attention was given to the press conference at the time, but a complete stenographic transcript of the questions and answers has just been published by Punto Final, a magazine of leftist news and comment.

Mr. Rodriguez is director of the Cuban Economic, Scientific and Technical Commission with the rank of cabinet minister. He frequently heads Cuban delegations to international conferences and he signed on behalf of Cuba the protocol restoring Chilean-Cuban diplomatic ties.

Mr. Rodriguez did not see the rest of Latin America taking an example from Chile where a coalition dominated by the Communists and Socialists, both doctrinaire Marxist parties, came to power in honest, peaceful elections.

Chile, he said, is almost "the only possibility at the moment for the application of the electoral way of access to government and for the eventual transformation of that government into a revolutionary power."

Uruguay Mentioned
As another remote possibility, he mentioned Uruguay where Marxist and non-Marxist leftists are talking about uniting behind a single popular-front candidate in next year's presidential elections. But he doubted that a Uruguayan front would succeed for lack of "guarantees" from the present government, which he accused of absorbing some of the characteristics of its military-led neighbors, Brazil and Argentina.

Mr. Rodriguez said that those who believe the death of Ernesto (Che) Guevara "killed the guerrilla movement and the revolutionary possibilities of Latin America will have the opportunity to see the tragic error they are incurring."

Citing Jose Marti, Cuba's legendary hero of the 19th century, Mr. Rodriguez declared: "The tree that grows the tallest is the one with a body buried beneath it."

U.S. Envoy Sees
Need to Continue
Aid to E. Pakistan
WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (UPI)—The cyclone which killed 300,000 persons in East Pakistan threatens the lives of 3 million others unless a major disaster campaign is launched, the U.S. Ambassador to Pakistan said yesterday.

Ambassador Joseph Farland said in an interview that the great storm, which swept out of the Bay of Bengal on Nov. 13, destroyed all food crops and livestock. He said that the survivors face long-range hunger and possible starvation.

I am afraid that now that Christmas is over people will forget," Mr. Farland said. "I am afraid that some other disaster somewhere else will divert public attention and the horror of East Pakistan will fade in the public mind into a problem of last year."

Mr. Farland is on leave after directing American aid efforts in East Pakistan. He estimated that 2 million persons in the low-lying delta region were now without the means of producing their own food.

Ethiopia Denies
Attack in Eritrea
ADDIS ABABA, Ethiopia, Dec. 30 (Reuters)—The Ethiopian government today denied what it called false allegations that Ethiopian air Force planes carried out an operation in Eritrea on Christmas day in which 500 people were killed.

"The fact of the matter is that Dec. 25 was a particularly quiet day in the area. Let alone military, there were not even police searches of the emergency area," the Ministry of Information said in a press release.

The Ethiopian government statement said the state of emergency had been imposed in some areas of Eritrea because of "interference in Ethiopia's internal affairs by expansionist Arab countries."



From Second Life, pigskin mid-coat with hood.

The Dutch Look For Men

By Jules B. Farber

AMSTERDAM—Gerard Dijkstra, a 60-year-old designer with five boutiques next to each other on Amsterdam's Van Baerlestraat, has just opened a second Second Life shop for men on the Koningsplein in the heart of town.

"Second Life," Mr. Dijkstra says, "is for break-away fashion freedom and there's no age or size tag attached. Our customers are 20 to 60 and we get lots of fathers flocking in who want to be as hip as their kids and yet not look like warmed-over teenagers. It started with American Levi's, the corduroy pants and jackets, and now all traditional barriers have fallen."

Mr. Dijkstra started his first shop 32 years ago with a classical stock mostly of English imports. Since then, he has moved on with the times. In his two Second Life shops, the staples are tricot jumpsuits or separates, camouflage outfits, denim coats and suits, suede overalls, printed leather knickerbockers, ponchos and hooded pigskin mid-coats. For the conservatives, there are corduroy suits.

"Men want to escape the classic suit," according to Mr. Dijkstra. "Even company directors now dare to go to the office in suede, leather and corduroy. Tricot is being accepted as a menswear fabric."

He says that his best ideas and fabrics come from the U.S., where men have long been concerned with good leisurewear. "I go there to buy cloth, see trends, and then design to meet our tastes and form requirements. American pants are still too high-waisted for us and jackets too square-chaped. Unfortunately, there's little in Europe in good casual wear so we make our own."

A Lesson for Snail-Fanciers: Buy Them

By Jon Winroth

PARIS, Dec. 29.—Snails are such delightful little beasts, especially when they come sizzling out of the oven, redolent of garlic, just waiting to be doused with a bottle of cold Chablis.

That, at least, was the image working on my salivary glands last summer as I was driving down to spend a month at a converted mill near Chablis.

At last there were two dozen snails and I thought I was ready to go. Not quite. They had to be starved for an additional 48 hours to be sure they had digested any noxious plants they might have been nibbling on. Seems they are immune to a lot of things that can kill a mere human.

While waiting for my captives' digestive system to do its work, every morning my two-year-old son slashed at the weeds with the abandoned stick, diaper bag over the other arm, crying out, "cargot! cargot!"

Gathering the escargots turned out to be the easiest part of it—that and regathering them after an escape one night when all 24 of them got together and pushed off the cast-iron casserole which covered the pot they were in.

Lack of speed was all that kept them from making it into the grass before morning. Their determination to avoid culinary execution so impressed me that I was tempted to let them go, but then I began to think about what I had gone through to catch them, the preparations for cooking them already under way and the stock of fine Chablis awaiting their demise. Sentimentality be damned. Back they went into their pot.

The next part began taking my appetite away again. After washing the snails had to be soaked in salted water laced with vinegar and flour to rid them of their slime. Two hours later the bucket they were in was a mess. They then had to be removed, rewashed and blanched for five minutes in boiling water.

This brought on even more slime, congealed and tough as rubber, that had to be removed by hand as the snails were removed from their shells and thrown into a potent court bouillon of Chablis and stock fortified with carrots, onions, shallots, bay leaves, parsley and thyme, to boil for another four hours.

Cleaning Shells
Meanwhile, with the windows and doors wide open to let out the smell—and that's putting it mildly—of cooking snails, the shells had to be boiled with soda to cleanse them. Once the snails had cooled in their cooking liquid, it was time to stuff them and the sun was setting.

The previous day my wife had made a veal stew, the broth of which served to cook the snails. Now I reduced about a cup each of veal broth and Chablis premier cru with shallots and parsley until there were only a couple of tablespoons left.

A few drops went into each shell followed by the snail. During the cooking I had prepared the snail butter with finely chopped shallots, crushed garlic, chopped parsley and salt and pepper. While the oven was heating and I was sealing in the snails with this preparation, a horrible thought crossed my mind—what if my escargots à la chablisienne don't turn out?

They did, however. The result was worth every bit of the effort, and the Chablis grand cru that accompanied them, Les Clos '66, didn't hurt. But somehow I don't think we will take our next vacation near Chablis.

For those who like snails as much as I do but are not about to go through what I did, they can do what I have ever since—buy them at La Maison de l'Escargot, 79 Rue Fondary, Paris 13e. Closed Mondays and from July 15 to August 31.

The snails there are delicious and are prepared (except for the smelly cooking) before you. The best are the more delicate gros gris escargots, which means they are put into larger Burgundy shells to allow more room for the butter stuffing, whose preparation remains a jealously guarded secret I have no intention of trying to discover.

Televised Music Triumphs

By Henry Pleasants

LONDON—For those of us who believe that the future of music in every category is inseparable from the box, this has been an encouraging holiday season, at least in England.

Leonard Bernstein's "Beethoven Birthday Party" on ITV was an auspicious opener. Since then, BBC-TV has given us Frank Sinatra in his recent charity concert at the Palladium, a profile of Montserrat Caballé, and a documentary on the life and death of Edith Piaf.

Each of them, in its own way, was a triumph not only of technique, but also of taste. Notable not so much for what was done as for what was not done. The producer, in each case, was dealing with a big personality, and, of course, with a superbly accomplished artist. And in each case the producer let the artist do his thing.

The TV approach to music, hitherto, has seemed, too often to be based on an assumption that no musical performance, or performer, could survive concentrated screen exposure without decorative, sometimes gimmicky assistance and interruption. And so we have had exotic and constantly changing backgrounds, rapid, often repetitive successions of camera angles, and resolute cameras ever zooming in for the microscopic close-up or backing off for the contrasting panorama.

Sinatra
Stanley Dorfman's approach to Sinatra was precisely the reverse. Sinatra just stood on the stage of the Palladium and sang for an hour, nothing behind him but a very good orchestra, of which we saw hardly more than an occasional glimpse. Even the audience was exposed only fleetingly, and between numbers.

Sinatra, to be sure, is a tremendous performer, whose facial expressions, bodily movements, and gestures complement eloquently the eloquence of his voice and his phrasing. Dorfman kept the camera on him, mostly showing him from the waist up, sometimes head alone, changing the angle from time to time, occasionally venturing a double exposure, but never allowing a disturbance of the mood.

Sinatra showed what video can be if a great artist is given more than half a chance. The camera simply did what the listener or spectator does. It stayed put and paid attention. In this production, it was almost as if the cameramen had

been caught up in Sinatra spell. They probably were.

The Caballé profile, produced by Patricia Fox, was even more remarkable. Opera singers are not encouraged to cultivate or exploit the popular singer's art of movement and gestures, not at least, in concert, and they are denied, of course, the repartee and ad-libbing of which Sinatra is such a master. Miss Caballé would seem to be especially handicapped, not only because of her size, but also because, even in opera, her type of gesture is what is commonly described as semaphoric.

Miss Fox solved the problem by not fighting it. This was an interview program with Bernard Levin as the helpful.

unobtrusive interviewer. Miss Caballé sat and talked, charmingly and candidly, in fractured but unembarrassed English, and she sang, beautifully. There was a simple stage set, and each of several arias was sung right through, in costume, and with the accompaniment of a New Philharmonia orchestra which we never saw.

Sinatra's department was a triumph of theater art. Miss Caballé's, in conversation, a triumph of artlessness. Thanks to intelligent production, we were favored with the best of each. The Piaf production was more conventional; but with Piaf herself at the center of everything, and with such strong and engaging personalities as Charles Aznavour and Edith Piaf, it was hard to lose sight of her, the producer, played his trump, and won.

On the Arts Agenda
The Marseilles Opera is putting on its first Festival of Contemporary Opera from Jan. 22 to Feb. 7. On the schedule are Berg's "Furtivité" (Jan. 22, 24) in the staging by Louis Dureux, artistic director of the Marseilles company, and conducted by Victor Reinshagen; a tripe bill of Poulenc's "Les Mamelles de Tirésias," Milhaud's "Le Pauvre Matelot" and Banfield's "Tango pour Femme Seule" (Jan. 23, 31) all under Reynaud Giovanetti's musical direction; the first performance in France of Menotti's "Maria Golovin" (Jan. 29, 30) conducted by Giovanni Battista and staged by the composer; a ballet program to works by Xenakis, Kabeler and Orff (Feb. 6) and a double bill of "Madame de..." by Darius Milhaud in the production of the premiere last spring at the Monte Carlo Opera, and Menotti's "The Telephone" (Feb. 5, 7). On Jan. 27, there will be an orchestral concert with the Percussionists of Strasbourg as soloists, in works by Mirotic, Penderecki, Messiaen and Stravinsky.

"Recitatif, Air et Variation" for 13 voices, by the French composer Gilbert Amy, will have its first performance Jan. 10 in Madrid, in the course of a festival organized by the composer Luis de Pablo. The work was commissioned by the French Radio and Television under Edouard

The American pianist Edward Auer will be the soloist in the Schumann Piano Concerto Jan. 6 with the Orchestre National of the French Radio and Television under Edouard

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BUSINESS

Cornefeld 'Considering' Proxy Battle for IOS

By Robert J. Cole
YORK, Dec. 30 (AP)—Mr. Cornefeld, former chairman of IOS, is considering a proxy battle to gain control of the company, according to sources familiar with the situation. Cornefeld, who has been out of the company since 1968, is reportedly considering a proxy battle to gain control of the company, according to sources familiar with the situation. Cornefeld, who has been out of the company since 1968, is reportedly considering a proxy battle to gain control of the company, according to sources familiar with the situation.

East Trade Easing in U.S. Under Study

By Marilyn Berger
WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (AP)—There are indications, both public and private, that the administration is moving toward easing its attitude on U.S. trade with Eastern Europe. Privately, administration sources revealed yesterday that a re-examination of restrictions on trade with Eastern Europe had increased, lifting at least some of the barriers.

Depends on Russian Relations
Publicly, a high State Department official said that U.S. trade with Eastern Europe would "invariably remain small" until "overall relations with the Soviet Union and other countries of Eastern Europe make it possible to remove certain restrictions."

Imports Grab Larger Share In U.K. Mart
LONDON, Dec. 30 (UPI)—Foreign cars won a bigger share of the British market in November, accounting for 19.43 percent of all new cars registered, figures from the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders showed today.

NEWS AND NOTES

Auto Plants Cut Back
Chrysler Corp. and American Motors Corp., fighting to control rising inventories, will continue to temporarily close some of their assembly plants during January. Chrysler said it plans to close five plants for one week next month. AMC said that its Ontario plant will be closed Jan. 3 and throughout the week of Jan. 13.

Construction Contracts
For the first month since August, the Dodge index of new construction contracts in November rose from its recent slump to post a 1.1 percent gain over October. According to the F.W. Dodge division of McGraw-Hill Information Systems, contract value for future construction totaled \$3.4 billion, exceeding last year's \$3.27 billion by 20 percent.

Reed, Bowler Talks
Reed International Ltd. and Bowler Paper Corp. have agreed to explore the feasibility of integrating their U.K. pulp and paper operations. The talks are in a preliminary stage and should not be interpreted as having wider implications, a statement said. The two are Britain's largest pulp and paper groups with widespread interests overseas, notably in North America.

Rapid Growth Aims of U.S. Assailed by Brimmer of Fed

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (AP)—Andrew F. Brimmer, one of the seven governors of the Federal Reserve Board, today came out strongly against a rapid economic expansion next year, as advocated by some top Nixon administration economists. Mr. Brimmer was speaking to a bankers group in Detroit. The text of his speech was released here.

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Japanese Budget In Balance for Next Fiscal Year
TOKYO, Dec. 30 (AP)—The Japanese government formally recommended today a budget for the fiscal year beginning April 1, 1971, of 9,414 billion yen (\$26.15 billion), up 18.4 percent from fiscal 1970.

Yugoslavia Limits Incomes' Rise to 11% Till April 30
BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Dec. 30 (AP)—The Yugoslav federal parliament approved a decree today, limiting increases in personal income to 11 percent from current levels. The measure is valid until April 30, 1971.

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St. Louis Fed Projects Grim 1971 in U.S. Sees Small Progress On Reducing Inflation

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (AP)—The Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis is projecting another relatively grim year for 1971, with higher unemployment than this year and relatively small progress against inflation. If the Federal Reserve Board sticks by its most recent target of growth in the money supply at an annual rate of 5 percent.

Nixon Signs Bill Protecting Clients Of U.S. Brokers
WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (AP)—President Nixon signed today the broker-dealer insurance act providing greater protection for customers of registered brokers and dealers and members of national securities exchanges.

Du Pont Sees Decline Of 9% in '70 Earnings
NEW YORK, Dec. 30 (AP)—E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. said yesterday that it expected a 9 percent drop in earnings this year on sales that would be close to the \$3.6 billion registered in 1969.

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N.Y. Prices Are Firm With Trading Heavy

By Vartan G. Vartan
NEW YORK, Dec. 30 (AP)—Even a stirring year-end rally has to pause for rest. The stock market proved this today as the Dow-Jones industrial average, after showing token gains during the morning, finished at 841.32 with a dip of 0.88 point.

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Land Increases Ports of Grain

SAW, Dec. 30 (AP)—The Soviet Union signed a year trade protocol with Poland that will allow the Soviet Union to receive 2 million tons of Soviet grain in 1971, overcame Poland's economic crisis, the Polish press agency said today.

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MODERN MEXICO

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Do you know what you're missing in...

MODERN MEXICO?

If you haven't studied investment opportunities in Modern Mexico lately, you're missing your chance to share the high-yield benefits of the controlled economic explosion now going on in Latin America's economic powerhouse.

Investigate for yourself: a stable currency (no change in the Mexican peso since 1954—now rated one of the world's strongest currencies). A favorable trade balance, a long-range expansion program for both industry and capital goods now going full speed ahead. It all adds up to a true "investor's market" with interest yields up to 12% after Mexican taxes (climbs to 15% when you re-invest and compound). Here are effortless "second incomes," a true advance-planned retirement fund, a practical hedge against the erosions of inflation... can you afford not to get aboard in time? Below, two examples of what's waiting:

12% BANK TIME DEPOSITS: These loans to Mexico's Industrial Development Banks offer 11.25% after taxes (interest payable monthly) on 2-year terms... up to 12% on a 5-year term. Ideal for the person no longer earning a regular independent income. Minimum investment: \$4,000 U. S. Dollars.

9% DEMAND DEPOSITS: After Mexican taxes, earning 9% payable quarterly, here's liquidity for any portfolio. Each Demand Deposit represents a priority claim upon the resources of an Industrial Development Bank. Minimum investment \$2,000 U. S. Dollars.

Here's what we now do for our worldwide clients... what we'll be glad to do for you as your after... in Modern Mexico:

A full gamut of investment offerings; estate planning; custody and/or administration of Mexican holdings; monthly economic surveys with listing of typical Mexican investments; automated monthly statements and accounting. Want to know more? Without obligation, send for basic investment offerings and procedures... ask us your own specific investment questions. We're ready when you are!

It's our business to make your money grow in Mexico!

ALLEN W. LLOYD & ASSOCIATES, S.A.

1111 Avenue de la Reforma, Mexico City, Mexico

Confederate Investment Holdings Limited

1111 Avenue de la Reforma, Mexico City, Mexico

Confederate Investment Holdings Limited

New York Stock Exchange Trading

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

[illegible]

19%	18%	19	+ 1/2	25	17%	Schenly pf	1.40	27	23%	23%	23%	23%	23%	23%	24	22	USPCN pri-22
24%	24	24	+ 1/4	74	6	Schnly pf	.50	2	7	7	7	7	7	7	24	22	US Shoe .88
24%	24	24	+ 1/4	16	16										40	20%	US Smelt T

191	61%	62%	63%	62 + %	71 1/2	60	USSme pf5.50	I	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
249	70 1/2	70%	68%	70	39 1/2	28 1/2	US Steel 2.40	350	33	33 1/2	32 3/4

[illegible]

68½	68¼	68¼—¾	1978	12½	Sears P S	1.28	23	1994	1994	19	194	
15%	14%	15%+½	33	23	SouCal E	1.50	31.53	32%	32%	32	32%	14
			28½	19	SouCal E	1.24	290	25% ad.	ad.	ad.	ad.	

70	4	35 1/4	35 1/4	35 1/4	35 1/4 + 1/4	38 1/4	27 1/4	Weiss Akt.	52	7	37 1/4	37 1/4	37 1/4
40	48	58 1/4	59 1/4	58 1/4	59 1/4 + 1	6 1/4	3	Welbilt Corp	78	4 1/4	4 1/4	4 1/4	4 1/4
						4 1/4	22	Wells Fargo	1 60	55	4 1/4	4 1/4	4 1/4

814	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	12	Wasc F 1,297	176	18%	19%
815	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
816	35%	13%	13%	13%	134+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%
817	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
818	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
819	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
820	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
821	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
822	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
823	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
824	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
825	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
826	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
827	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
828	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
829	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
830	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
831	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
832	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
833	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
834	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
835	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
836	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
837	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
838	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
839	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
840	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
841	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
842	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
843	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
844	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
845	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
846	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
847	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
848	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
849	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
850	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
851	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
852	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
853	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
854	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
855	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
856	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%
857	35%	37	39%	364+	1	29%	14	WascF 350	4	20%	20%

[illegible]

46	38 1/4	39 1/2	38 3/4	39 1/4	40	71 1/2	65 1/4	Xerox Co	.80	83 1/4	86	84 1/4	85 1/4	86 1/4
92	25 1/4	26 1/4	25 3/4	25 1/4	26 1/4	37 1/4	12 3/4	Xerox Inc		87	26 1/4	27 1/4	25 1/4	26 1/4

[illegible]

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1. The first step in the process is to identify the problem or issue that needs to be addressed. This involves gathering information and understanding the context of the problem.

هكذا من الأصل

1970 - Stocks and Bonds										1970 - Stocks and Bonds										1970 - Stocks and Bonds										1970 - Stocks and Bonds											
Div. in \$										Div. in \$										Div. in \$										Div. in \$											
100s.	First.	High	Low	Last.	Chg.	100s.	First.	High	Low	Last.	Chg.	100s.	First.	High	Low	Last.	Chg.	100s.	First.	High	Low	Last.	Chg.	100s.	First.	High	Low	Last.	Chg.	100s.	First.	High	Low	Last.	Chg.	100s.	First.	High	Low	Last.	Chg.
16	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
17	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
18	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
19	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
20	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
21	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
22	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
23	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
24	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
25	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
26	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
27	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
28	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
29	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
30	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
31	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
32	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
33	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
34	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
35	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
36	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
37	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
38	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
39	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
40	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
41	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
42	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
43	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
44	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
45	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
46	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
47	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
48	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
49	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
50	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
51	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
52	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
53	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
54	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
55	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
56	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
57	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
58	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
59	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
60	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
61	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
62	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
63	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
64	3	NASDAQ	22	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5																											

LIVE HOGS					
Feb	16.75	16.75	16.30	16.45	16.45

Prices in primary markets as registered today in New York were:			
Commodity and unit	Week	Year	Year ago
FOODS			
Wheat 2 hard bush	\$2.18		
Do, red do	2.13		
Corn 2 year	1.87 1/2		
Oats 3 white bu.	2.03 1/2		
Soy 3 Western c.f.b. bu.	1.71		
Cocoa, American	1.30 1/2		
Cocoa 3 Santos lb.	.53 1/4		
TEXTILES			
Printed 64-80 38 1/2 yd.	16.70		
METALS			
Iron billets (P.L.) ton	106.00		
Steel 2, P.M. Phylla ton	74.50		
Steel scrap No. 1 hot P.Y.	39.39		
Copper 15 lb. ingot	55.50		
Copper elec. lb.	55-59 1/4		
Zinc (Str.) lb.	1.81 1/2		
Zinc 2, C. L. best, lb.	1.80		
Aluminum 15 lb. ingot	1.65		
SOYBEANS			
Jan	8.95	8.91 1/2	2.97 1/2 2.96
Mar	3.01 1/4	3.00 1/2	2.77 1/4 2.76 1/4
May	2.60 1/2	2.60 1/4	2.45 1/2 2.44 1/2
Jul	3.07 1/2	3.04 1/4	3.04 1/4 2.98
Sep	2.67 1/4	2.66 1/4	2.51 1/4 2.50 1/4
Nov	2.84	2.80	2.77 1/2 2.76
Dec	2.84	2.82	2.82 2.82 2.82 1/4
SOYBEAN OIL			
Jan	11.77	11.82	11.43 11.65 11.87
Mar	11.69	11.60	11.35 11.35 11.73
May	11.55	11.40	11.20 11.40 11.61
Jul	11.40	11.40	11.28 11.28 11.67
Sep	11.15	11.25	11.24 11.24 11.15
Nov	10.64	10.50	10.40 10.40 10.70
Dec	10.30	10.15	10.15 10.15 10.32
Jan	9.94	9.95	9.85 9.85 10.23
SOYBEAN MEAL			
Jan	81.80	80.25	80.45 81.70
Mar	80.70	80.25	80.45 80.70
May	80.20	80.05	80.30 80.25
Jul	80.20	80.00	80.25 80.55
SILVER			
Jan	1.44 1/2	1.44 1/2	1.42 1/2 1.42 1/2
Mar	1.47 1/2	1.47 1/2	1.46 1/2 1.46 1/2
May	1.46 1/2	1.46 1/2	1.46 1/2 1.46 1/2
Jul	1.46 1/2	1.46 1/2	1.46 1/2 1.46 1/2
Sep	1.46 1/2	1.46 1/2	1.46 1/2 1.46 1/2
Nov	1.46 1/2	1.46 1/2	1.46 1/2 1.46 1/2
Dec	1.46 1/2	1.46 1/2	1.46 1/2 1.46 1/2
LIVE BEEF CATTLE			
Feb	28.57	28.57	24.55 28.58 29.53
Mar	29.58	29.58	29.05 29.10 29.15
Apr	29.35	29.40	29.22 29.30 29.35
May	29.15	29.15	29.05 29.10 29.15
Jun	29.17	29.05	28.85 28.85 29.25
Oct	28.57	28.58	28.55 28.57 28.95
SALES: Feb 23; Mar 31; April 21; June 13;			
Aug 31; Oct 34; Dec 31; Feb 7; 0.			
SALES: Feb 23; Mar 31; April 21; June 13;			
Aug 31; Oct 34; Dec 31; Feb 7; 0.			

Foreign Stock Index

Dec. 12, 1931. 333.3
= Nominal + Asked

NEW YORK FUTURES

Dec. 30, 1970

Wheat sugar No. 1: March 7 4.38, May 7 4.38-50, July 7 4.40, Sept 7 4.42

Wool: near: Closed. No sales.

Wool tops: Closed. No sales.

Copper: March 27 23.50, May 27 23.50, July 27 23.75, Sept 27 24.14, Dec 27 24.14

Copper: March 27 23.50, May 27 23.50, July 27 23.75, Sept 27 24.14, Dec 27 24.14

Cotton: March 27 17.50, May 27 17.50, July 27 17.50, Sept 27 17.50, Dec 27 17.50

Cotton: March 27 17.50, May 27 17.50, July 27 17.50, Sept 27 17.50, Dec 27 17.50

Orange juice (frozen concentrated):

Dec. 31.13, July 31.20, Sept. 31.20

60 to 70 lb. Nov. 41.10 lb

60 to 70 lb. Nov. 41.10 lb

Silver: Jan. 1.16, Sept. 1.16

Dec. 1.17, Jan. 1.17, Sept. 1.17

Dec. 1.17, Jan. 1.17, Sept. 1.17

Dec. 1.17, Jan. 1.17, Sept. 1.17

(a) asked, (b) bid, (c) nominal

Mid-day Quotations Prices

Dollar Bonds

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Eurodollars

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li, Frazier, Fight in New York or \$2.5 Million Each March 8

From Wire Dispatches
NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Heavyweight champion Joe Frazier and Muhammad Ali are expected to fight in New York City on March 8, each for a \$2.5 million purse.

The fight was announced by Harry Markson, president of the Madison Square Garden Boxing Club, and Perenchio, president of the American Boxing Association, who are co-promoters of the fight.

The fight is expected to be the most profitable in the history of boxing, with each fighter expected to receive \$2.5 million.

The fight is expected to be the most profitable in the history of boxing, with each fighter expected to receive \$2.5 million.

"Five million dollars combined for the fighters and also a record. Frazier, we've been taken!"

Perenchio, who revealed that Los Angeles sportsman Jack Kent Cooke is backing Chartwell's \$5 million guarantee to the fighters, said he expected to have 1.5 million closed-circuit television seats available in the United States and Canada.

He said ticket prices for the fight in major markets would have a top of around \$35 or \$40.

Perenchio and Markson said there would be no radio broadcasts in the United States or Canada and no delayed telecast.

The official announcement came while newsmen awaited the late arrival of the two fighters.

It was learned that the delay was caused by some horseplay at the Garden for the fight.

The fight is expected to be the most profitable in the history of boxing, with each fighter expected to receive \$2.5 million.

"Joe Frazier will be a punching bag."

"Frazier don't even look like a heavyweight champion—too short."

Frazier had much to say, but he did get in some solid verbal shots.

"Sit down and shut up," he told Ali.

"He does all the talking," Frazier said. "I'll do the fighting."

The fight is expected to gross \$7.5 million, which would make it the richest sports event in history.

The signing gives Ali a chance for the title that was taken away from him after he refused to accept induction into the U.S. armed forces 3 1/2 years ago.

All was stripped of his title and refused licenses to box after the draft incident, on which he has been convicted of draft evasion and is awaiting the outcome of an appeal.

He returned to boxing on Oct. 26 to knock out Jerry Quarry in Atlanta and then Oscar Bonavena of Argentina on Dec. 7.

Ali is undefeated in 31 fights, including 25 knockouts, and Frazier is undefeated in 26 fights, including 23 knockouts.



FISTFUL OF DOLLARS—Heavyweight champ Joe Frazier reaches for a fist at Muhammad Ali at press conference.

Shirley Povich: To Whom It May Concern

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (WP).—Las Vegas has made its judgments on the two games leading up to the Super Bowl. On Sunday, San Francisco 1 rated a four-point favorite over the Dallas Cowboys, and the Baltimore-Oakland game is rated even.

Cleveland owner Art Modell, who is seeking a coach to replace the retiring Blanton Collier, gives strong indication who his new man will be. Lending credence to reports he will name assistant coach Nick Skorich, Modell said: "On the Browns, we always like continuity."

Williams Remembers

Senator manager Ted Williams remembers that his new outfielder Curt Flood broke in as a third baseman with the Cincinnati Reds in 1957, perhaps suggesting he could be recovered.

Ohio State has been posted as a 12-point favorite over Stanford in the Rose Bowl, with Texas favored by four points over Notre Dame in the Cotton Bowl.

Muhammad Ali has resolved he will not die broke like so many other Negro fighters, or be the object of any benefits. He has heavy investments in Atlanta real estate and says a company he now heads is building mansions in Philadelphia.

Inter-kill? "Sure, dead people don't know who's laying beside them," he said.

Sudden Death

The rules for the sudden-death playoff if either of the two pro games on Sunday ends in a tie have been clearly outlined by commissioner Pete Rozelle. After a three-minute intermission, the

captain of the visiting team will call the coin-toss and the victor can elect to receive the kickoff. First team to score, by any means, wins the game. The teams will exchange goals if the first 15 minutes do not bring a score.

A noble New Year's resolution has been made by Las Vegas oddsmaker Jimmy (The Greek) Snyder, who announces, "I will not post any more odds on amateur sports. I don't think a kid in college is emotionally mature enough to play under that pressure. The pros have money, big bonuses, fringe benefits, and they can't be tempted like a kid in college."

Brown Is Named Top AFC Coach

NEW YORK, Dec. 30 (NYT).—Paul Brown, who led the Cincinnati Bengals to a division title in the third season of their existence, was named the American Football Conference's coach of the year yesterday by United Press International.

The 62-year-old Brown, who founded the Cleveland Browns of the old All-American Conference and made them into one of the great teams in pro football history during the late 1940's and early 1950's, received 16 of the 35 votes cast. Don Shula of the Miami Dolphins was second with 14 votes.

The Bengals won the AFC's Central Division title and then were eliminated from the playoffs last Saturday by the Colts, 17-0.

Under Nolan, regulars changed at 15 of the 24 positions. Only three replacements came by trade—Gesset, Roosevelt Taylor, a safety from the Bears, and Randy Beisler, a guard, from the Eagles for quarterback George Mira.

The 49ers are a great example of how to build by the draft. While a former New Yorker who scouted for the Yankees, and Lynn (Pappy) Waldorf, the personnel director, have been outstanding. Fourteen 49ers who were first, second or third draft choices now make up the heart of this young team.

Over-30 Crew

The only regulars over 30 are John Brodie, the quarterback; Len Roke, an offensive tackle; Jim Johnson, a cornerback, and Roland Lakes and Charlie Krueger, defensive tackles.

The team has had ten first draft choices in the last six years and nine play regularly: Ken Willard, a fullback; Stan Hindman, a defensive end; Steve Spurrier, a punter; Cas Banaszek, an offensive tackle; Forrest Blue, a center; Ted Kwalick, a tight end; Gene Washington, a wide receiver; Cedric Hardman, a defensive end, and Bruce Taylor.

Nolan's greatest success may have been with Brodie, who finally became, in his 14th pro season, a consistent winning quarterback.

A former 49er assistant coach said recently, "Brodie was the kind of quarterback who would give you three good games and then an average one. You would forgive him the last. But then his fifth game would be a downright disaster and you'd want to climb a wall. It's to Dick Nolan's credit he has changed all that."

Lion Prepares to Play With Lamb

PASADENA, Calif., Dec. 30 (AP).—The Lion and the Lamb, that's Woody Hayes and John Alston.

Hayes, the unpredictable, sometimes irritable Ohio State disciplinarian, and Alston, the suave, personable coach of Stanford, are as contrasting as the styles of their Rose Bowl-bound football teams.

Hayes, a fanatic of the rushing attack, has never lost in three previous Rose Bowl appearances. He has the best record for a visiting coach in the bowl's 57-year history.

Alston, a man who lives by the pass and pro-style offense, working hard at a seventh straight game as player and coach. He has yet to be a victor in post-season play.

Contrast and Compare

While Hayes rants and raves behind Ohio State's closed doors, Alston has permitted spectators until this week at least to witness his like an armed camp at the Ohio State stadium site at Stanford's practices at Long Beach State College.

A cluster of Stanford players go through a Harlem Globetrotter routine, tossing a football around their heads and behind their backs.

But there's no laughter or cutting up when Ohio State players plod through their patterns under the watchful eye of their crusty general.

Hayes, 57, who some insist will retire after this is his 10th Ohio State season, and has coached three national champions, three Rose Bowl victors and six Big Ten champions and another league co-champion.

His two decades at Ohio State have produced 134 victories, 42 losses and seven ties.

Ralston, 43, owns seven successive non-losing seasons at Stanford after an opening 3-7 record in 1963. His Indians have won 46 games, lost 33 and tied three.

Arizona State-North Carolina

ATLANTA, Dec. 30 (AP).—Eighty-ranked Arizona State, an explosive undefeated team with four starters with 9.3 or better speed for the 100, tangles with North Carolina and an All-America tailback, Don McCauley, tonight in the third annual Peach Bowl football game.

The Western Athletic Champion Sun Devils, a consistent favorite, led the nation in total offense this year, averaging 514 yards, and ranked fourth in scoring with a 35.7 point average.

McCauley, a 208-pound senior, ran for 1,720 yards in 824 carries this season, breaking the single season National Collegiate record of O.J. Simpson.

The Sun Devils have a 10-0 won-lost record and North Carolina an 8-3 record.

Astro-Bluebonnet Bowl

HOUSTON, Dec. 30 (AP).—Coach Chuck Fairbanks says his Oklahoma Sooners "have to do a good job on their (Alabama's) running game," to capture the Astro-Bluebonnet Bowl tomorrow night.

Scott Hunter, the senior Alabama quarterback, completed 103 of 178 passes for 1,240 yards and eight touchdowns, while Johnny Musso has rushed for 1,127 yards. Alabama's won-lost record is 6-5 and Oklahoma's 7-4.

49er Coach Now Blowing Smoke Rings Over Super Bowl

By William N. Wallace

NEW YORK, Dec. 30 (NYT).—In the early 1960s, a dark-haired young man was depicted on a cigarette advertising sign above the East Side of Seventh Avenue, a man who blew enormous live smoke rings onto Times Square.

The representation, properly identified, was that of Dick Nolan, a defensive back of the New York Giants whose collective popularity, then was at an absolute peak in the National Football League. Nolan is, a decade later, the head coach of the San Francisco 49ers.

A native of White Plains and a college star at Maryland, Nolan was proud of that sign because he felt it established him on a par with such other famous Giants as Andy Robustelli, Conerly Charlie and Frank Gifford.

Nolan was still puffing smoke in the locker room last Sunday and enjoying it more. His team had beaten the Minnesota Vikings and projected themselves into the National Conference championship game against Dallas in San Francisco on Sunday. Nolan will be coaching against his former mentor, Tom Landry of the Cowboys.

The contest is the equivalent of the former NFL title game, full of prestige, and the 49ers are the sudden, unexpected successors to such Western powers as the Vikings, Los Angeles, Baltimore and Green Bay.

How did it happen?

Following a series of lukewarm seasons that found the 49ers well behind their division rivals, the Colts and Rams, Jack Christiansen said goodbye as coach. Early in 1968 Lou Spadla, the president, hired, with

Nolan Enjoying It More Than Times Square Ad

some hesitation, Nolan, who was Landry's defensive assistant at Dallas.

Only 35, quiet and unassuming, Nolan had applied for and lost the coach position at New Orleans the year before. It was said he failed the oral part of the interview. But Spadla decided that the always flamboyant 49ers had better stress the meat and potatoes of defense. Landry was the master rookie Nolan his 10-0 pupil.

Under a nervous rookie coach, the 49ers coach, the 49ers won one more than they lost. The second Nolan season, 1968, the team won only four but had the excuse of defensive injuries.

Nolan and Jack White, the general manager, were making moves and five new faces appeared on the offensive line. A later move was masterful. All phases of the kicking game had been poor so Kermit Alexander, a first-rate cornerback, was traded last spring to the Rams for Bruce Gossett.

Alexander's Successor

Gossett this season kicked 21 field goals and the 49ers had six last year. Alexander's successor was the No. 1 draft choice, Bruce Taylor, from Boston University. Although picked upon, Taylor held up well and has all-pro potential.

He was a revelation at returning punts, gaining 516 yards, 453 more than the 49ers had last season and the second-highest total in NFL history.

Under Nolan, Regulars Changed at 15 of the 24 Positions

Only three replacements came by trade—Gesset, Roosevelt Taylor, a safety from the Bears, and Randy Beisler, a guard, from the Eagles for quarterback George Mira.

The 49ers are a great example of how to build by the draft. While a former New Yorker who scouted for the Yankees, and Lynn (Pappy) Waldorf, the personnel director, have been outstanding. Fourteen 49ers who were first, second or third draft choices now make up the heart of this young team.

Over-30 Crew

The only regulars over 30 are John Brodie, the quarterback; Len Roke, an offensive tackle; Jim Johnson, a cornerback, and Roland Lakes and Charlie Krueger, defensive tackles.

The team has had ten first draft choices in the last six years and nine play regularly: Ken Willard, a fullback; Stan Hindman, a defensive end; Steve Spurrier, a punter; Cas Banaszek, an offensive tackle; Forrest Blue, a center; Ted Kwalick, a tight end; Gene Washington, a wide receiver; Cedric Hardman, a defensive end, and Bruce Taylor.

Nolan's greatest success may have been with Brodie, who finally became, in his 14th pro season, a consistent winning quarterback.

A former 49er assistant coach said recently, "Brodie was the kind of quarterback who would give you three good games and then an average one. You would forgive him the last. But then his fifth game would be a downright disaster and you'd want to climb a wall. It's to Dick Nolan's credit he has changed all that."

Cautious Colts Post Lookouts For Honest Al Davis's Agents

By Kenneth Denlinger

BALTIMORE, Dec. 30 (WP).—It is the time of year when the professional football teams in Maryland start getting touchy. They are that \$25,000-a-man reward for the taking in the two games. They see the points in their dreams. They spies.

The Baltimore Colts are especially cautious this week, mainly because they are playing Honest Al Davis's team, the Oakland Raiders, for the American Conference championship, final hurdle to the per Bowl.

Deserved or not, Davis has a ried reputation for going to out-punch lengths to gain an edge in important game. So, a Pinker man guards the entrance to the Colts dressing room. No visitors but Baltimore reporters are owed to watch practice. On the equipment manager Fred Hubach keeps his veteran eyes alert for suspicious-looking characters lurking in the area.

A guy who said he was from New Jersey asked a couple of us autographs yesterday, said enter Bill Curry. "We gave them him and he thanked us. Then said, 'How's Mackey?'"

A Raider agent? Perhaps. The ought leaped into Curry's mind, d he was properly evasive. The ible legend demands that sort thing.

About a month ago, before the Louis Cardinals-Kansas City def game, a Raider executive ired a St. Louis reporter and tried

to plant a story that the Oakland organization felt certain there was absolutely no way the Cardinals could win.

Obviously, the Raider man was hoping to spur the Cardinals to a superhuman effort against Kansas City, Oakland's chief rival in the AFC Western Division at the time.

The reporter did not fall for the ploy, however, and the Chiefs and Cardinals played to a 6-6 tie.

The Colts, as differentiated from the Raiders, allow out-of-townners into the dressing room after practice.

In the inner sanctum, coach Don McCafferty said the Colt wounded light end John Mackey (muscle spasm in his leg), wide receiver Ray Perkins (broken little toe and a skin rash that sent him to the hospital) and tight end Tom Mitchell (injured leg) would be fit for the Sunday test in Memorial Stadium.

ABA Results

Tuesday's Games

Carolina 113 (Latham 28, Caldwell 27), Utah 110 (Reedy 28, Butler 28).

Phoenix 149 (Gibson 28, Carter 27), Texas 130 (Horne 28, J. Bradley 24).

Memphis 109 (B. Jones 28, Latham 24), Pittsburgh 108 (Horne 28, Johnson 27).

Florida 91 (Jones 28, Calvin 28), New York 90 (McClouch 28, Dore 21).

Mack Calvin's two free throws with seven seconds left snags Florida's five-point victory.

Denver 116 (Chapman 28, Canaan 28), Indiana 105 (Daniels 22, Brown 21).

NHL Result

Tuesday's Games

New York 3 (Robert, Brown, Brown), California 2 (A. Sticks, O'Donoghue).



CONGA LINE—A fight between the NHL Boston Bruins' John McKenzie and the Minnesota North Stars' Barry Gibbs resulted in an ice-dance formation in a recent game.

Rangers Capture First Place in NHL East

NEW YORK, Dec. 30 (NYT).—The New York Rangers defeated the California Golden Seals last night, 3-2, to take possession of first place in the National Hockey League's East Division, a point in front of the Boston Bruins, who didn't play.

The Rangers shook out to a 3-0 lead before the game was half over and then hung on to rack up their 15th victory along with four ties in 19 home games this season. Counting the last two games last season, the 21-game undefeated streak is a club record at home.

Rod Gilbert scored at 14:14 of the opening period and Dave Balon got his 21st of the season at 2:16 of the second frame.

Archie Brown made it 3-0 with his first goal of the year with each team a man short at 9:37 of the second period and that was enough.

No. 10 Tennessee Upset Irish Stun Wildcats, Penn Wins Quaker

NEW YORK, Dec. 30 (AP).—Notre Dame's runaway Carr hit eighth-ranked Kentucky with a 50-point performance and led the 15th-ranked Irish to a 92-92 victory in college basketball last night.

Austin Carr helped Notre Dame outscore the Wildcats, 15-4, late in the first half that gave the Irish a 53-39 lead at intermission.

The Wildcats climbed to within five points three times in the second half, but Notre Dame's freeze tactics killed the comeback try.

Top-ranked UCLA walloped William and Mary, 89-71, in the Steel Bowl tournament at Pittsburgh; third-ranked Marquette brushed off Dartmouth, 99-55, in the Milwaukee Classic, and No. 4 Southern Cal bombed Michigan State, 88-63, and Houston stunned No. 10 Tennessee, 68-65, in the Trojan Classic at Los Angeles.

Penn Trounces Temple

Sixth-ranked Penn downed cross-town rival Temple, 76-55, to win the Quaker City Classic at Philadelphia and No. 9 Jacksonville turned back Creighton, 94-85, in the Gold Coast Classic at West Palm Beach, Fla., in other top games.

Notre Dame, which lost to two other ranked clubs—South Carolina and Indiana, by a total of eight points—ran its lead to 18 points at one time.

UCLA forged its victory over stubborn William and Mary behind Sidney Vicks' 23 points and 20 by Steve Patterson.

Dean "The Dream" Meminger put Dartmouth to sleep with 22 points as Marquette ran its record to 7-0. The Warriors were never headed, scoring the first nine points and building first-half leads of 22-7 and 43-17.

Dave Wohl, one of the little guys on Penn's rangy Quakers, scored 25 points in their Quaker City season. Temple got to within six points in the second half, but Penn scored 15 of the next 20 to pull away.

Second-Half Surge

Guards Dennis Layton and Paul Westphal led Southern California's second-half surge as the Trojans, leading only 49-48 shortly after the intermission, opened a 21-point margin late in the game.

Poo Welch stole the ball and passed to Larry Brown, who hit the field goal and a succeeding free throw for Houston's upset victory.

Harold Fox scored 19 points to lead Jacksonville to its sixth victory in seven games.

Twelfth-ranked Kansas subdued Iowa State, 56-56, and advanced to the finals of the Big Eight tournament and 13th-ranked St. Bonaventure beat Georgia Tech, 70-68, on Paul Hoffman's field goal for the Gator Bowl championship at Jacksonville, Fla.

Oregon, the nation's 16th-ranked power, held Washington State to five points in the final 11 minutes for a 64-48 victory and a berth in the finals of the Far West Classic at Portland, Ore.

All-College Tournament

Utah State, No. 19, turned back Wichita State, 84-78, in the first game of the semifinals of the All-College Tournament at Oklahoma City and No. 18 Louisiana State took the nightcap from Montana State, 8-7.

Elsewhere, Baylor crushed Mississippi, 132-113, in the Palmetto Classic, a 60-point performance by Johnny Neumann, the nation's leading scorer.

Barry Yates broke a Maryland mark by hitting his first ten field-goal attempts as the Terps lashed Miami, Fla., 111-77.

Arizona came from behind for a 71-75 victory over Mississippi State to win the Poinsettia Classic at Greenville, S.C.

L.A. Rams Finally Fire Coach Allen

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 30 (AP).—Owner Dan Reeves of the Los Angeles Rams announced today that the contract of head-coach George Allen would not be renewed.

Reeves, calling the Ram office from his home in New York, issued this statement: "George Allen's contract as head coach of the Rams expires Dec. 31 and it will not be renewed."

There have been reliable reports that the Washington Redskins and the San Diego Chargers, among others, are interested in signing Allen.

Old NBA Stars Refuse to Fade Away

NEW YORK, Dec. 30 (NYT).—Three old pros—Jerry West, Wilt Chamberlain and Oscar Robertson—were named yesterday as members of the West squad for the National Basketball Association's 21st annual All-Star Game on Tuesday, Jan. 12, in San Diego.

West and Chamberlain, teammates on the Los Angeles Lakers, and Robertson, playing his first season with the Milwaukee Bucks, are three of the five players in the NBA to score more than 30,000 career points. This marks the 11th time each player has been selected to play in an all-star contest.

West was voted to the starting five along with the Bucks' Lew Alcindor, the league's top point scorer; Connie Hawkins of the Phoenix Suns, Jerry Lucas of the San Francisco Warriors and Dave Bing of the Detroit Pistons.

Bob Love of the Chicago Bulls joins Chamberlain and Robertson as the alternates on the West team.

Pistons 99, Hawks 97

Rookie center Bob Lanier clicked on a three-point play and a basket in the final two minutes last night as Detroit rallied from a 13-point deficit to top Atlanta, 99-97, at Detroit in an NBA game.

Bucks 119, Cavaliers 97

Lew Alcindor scored 23 points and dominated the backboards to lead Milwaukee to its fifth straight victory, 119-97, over hapless home-team Cleveland. The loss snapped a two-game Cleveland victory streak, its longest of the season.

76ers 124, Braves 113

Philadelphia took a ten-point lead early in the fourth period to beat Buffalo, 124-113, at Buffalo.

Lakers 125, Bulls 117

Wilt Chamberlain poured in 34 points to spark a Los Angeles attack which saw four players score 21 points or more in defeating Chicago, 126-117, at Inglewood, Calif.

Celtics 110, Rockets 108

Boston rookie Dave Cowens sank two free throws with 15 seconds remaining in the game to give Boston a 110-108 road victory over San Diego.

NBA Results

Tuesday's Games

Detroit 99 (Walker 31, Lanier 17), Atlanta 97 (Hudson 19, Maravich 18).

Philadelphia 124 (Clark 35, Cunningham 29), Buffalo 113 (Kaufman 22, May 19).

Boston 110 (Havlicek 22, White 20), San Diego 108 (Hayes 27, Latta 24).

Milwaukee 119 (Alcindor 32, Dandridge 20), Cleveland 97 (Johnson 22, Zachry 14).

Los Angeles 126 (Chamberlain 34, West 27), Chicago 117 (Love 31, Sloan 27).

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Art Buchwald

TV Football Murder

WASHINGTON—As detective Peter Minderman stared at the color television set in the simple living-room of the Socalaw house, he was baffled.

The body of Artie Socalaw was still in the same chair where he had died. All the suspects in the case were also in the living-room. There was Artie's wife Emma, and Artie's best friends: George Stevens Jr., Chuck McDermott, Sam Markay, and Tony Valenti.

"All right," said detective Minderman, "let's start from the beginning. You guys began watching pro football two days ago on Saturday at noon, right in this living-room."



Buchwald

"That's correct," said Stevens. "Then suddenly Sunday night, somewhere during the third quarter of the Raider game, we noticed there was something wrong with Artie. We waited until the game ended at 7 and then went over to his chair. He was dead."

"You can imagine what a shock this was, coming after the three-day defeat of the Minnesota Vikings," Chuck McDermott added.

"But," said detective Minderman, "the coroner said Artie had been dead for 24 hours. How

come no one discovered it before then?"

"Well," said Sam Markay, "Artie was always quiet when he watched a pro football game. He wasn't one of those guys who holler and shout after each play. So when he didn't say anything for 24 hours we figured he was just suffering because Dallas beat the Detroit Lions."

"When you're watching pro football on TV," said Tony Valenti, "you don't notice whether people are breathing or not."

Detective Minderman looked over at Mrs. Socalaw. "When did you last see your husband alive?"

"You mean moving around and that sort of thing?" Mrs. Socalaw asked. "I believe it was sometime in July before the exhibition games started. He hasn't left that chair since the Redskins played the Patriots in a pre-season game. I don't wish to dispute the coroner's report, but I thought Artie was dead three months ago."

"That's not true," Stevens said. "Just before the Baltimore-Cincinnati game, Artie asked me if I wanted a piece of fruit cake."

"Fruit cake?" detective Minderman said. "Where did the fruit cake come from?"

"I made it," said Mrs. Socalaw. "I always make fruit cake during the holiday season. It helps me forget."

"Did anyone else eat the fruit cake?"

"I did," said McDermott. "No ill effects?" Minderman asked.

"None that I can tell," McDermott said.

"Dum," said detective Minderman. "There goes the poisoned fruit cake theory."

"Did he eat anything else?" Minderman asked.

"I gave him a tuna fish sandwich," McDermott said.

"A what?"

"A tuna fish sandwich. You see, Mrs. Socalaw refuses to feed us, so we each bring our own food. This time my wife made me a tuna fish sandwich."

"But don't you know what's going on with tuna fish?" Minderman asked.

"I'm not sure for fishing. The only sport I watch is football," McDermott said.

"Your wife tried to knock you off with a tuna fish mercury-poisoned sandwich," detective Minderman said. "Only Artie became the victim. Instead of you."

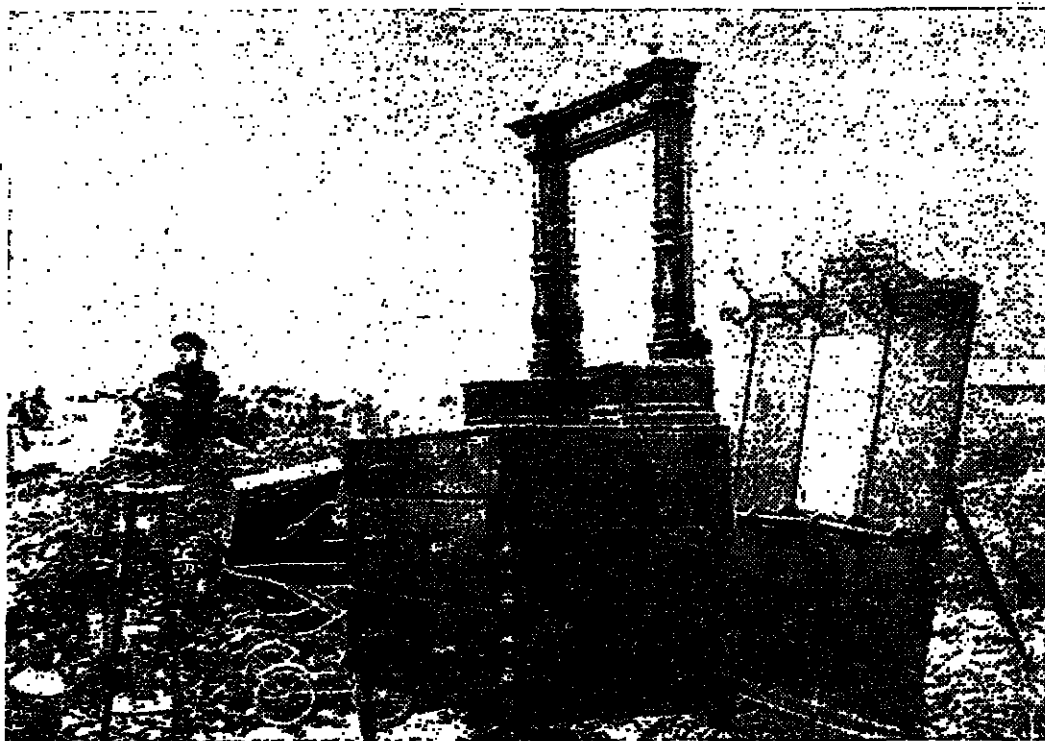
"I knew she was sore at me," McDermott said. "But I didn't think she'd go this far."

Minderman went to the phone and called the McDermott house. "Mrs. McDermott, I'm sending someone over to arrest you for the tuna fish murder of Artie Socalaw."

"Don't worry, Gloria," Mrs. Socalaw grabbed the phone and shouted. "I'll testify in your behalf. We can always say it was a crime of passion."

Guarding his father's merchandise at the flea market in Rome is this young Neapolitan. Some 25 dealers from Naples are hoping they will get licenses to sell their wares in the Italian capital.

Chris Steiner



Neapolitans Inching Into Roman Flea Market

By Shari Steiner

ROME.—It was a funny looking piece of stone. We were standing on it to keep our feet dry as the pond was muddy, and all of a sudden I said I'd pay his price if he'd throw in this stone. I didn't know then what it was, but I saw carvings on the edge.

"Turned out it was a beheading block from pre-Roman times. A beheading block for a stepping stone. You just never know where you'll find things."

Mario, a 52-year-old Neapolitan second-hand dealer, found that particular block on a farm in Bari. Mario is probably not his name, but that is the way he introduces himself. Because he has no license to sell at the Roman flea market, he prefers not to give a last name, not even a false one.

He is one of the 25 or 30 Neapolitan dealers making a bid for Rome to extend its Porta Portese licensing in order to open up a new lane of antique stands at the top of the Via Appollonia.

Until two years ago, those in the know made a habit of going to Porta Portese at 2 or 3 a.m. on Sundays to meet the Neapolitans who brought their choicest pieces here to sell. Then the city tightened up licensing inspection, and the majority of the interesting Neapolitan stands were kicked out.

Setting Up Shop

Now this same group has hopes that the antique section of the market will be extended. For the past month, they have been sporadically setting up unlicensed Sunday shops and encouraging old customers to come back and see all the treasures they have unearthed.

Mario's beheading block isn't there, however. "The Museum of Naples confiscated it," he says proudly. "Put it into a glass case. A whole year I had to wait for them to pay, and then they only gave 100,000 lire (\$180) for it," he continues, his cigarette bobbing furiously.

He combes southern Italy for his finds. "Calabria is best," he says. "Everybody wants to get out of Calabria." When getting out, they are happy to sell household dust-gatherers to Mario, who makes his weekly rounds with a hand cart, calling "Compro tutto" (I buy everything).

"I never use the truck in a town," he explains. "If I made my rounds with the truck, prices would go up."

He sees nothing sad about people selling heirlooms. "I have all new furniture in my house," he says. "Why do I need some 15th-century commode that collapses the first time you put a sack of groceries on it?" As far as he's concerned, the only practical thing is formica. "Formica," he says with admiration. "Even my children can't dent formica."

Besides the beheading block, Mario has dozens of stories of other finds, but only one other piece is now in a museum. It is a small stone Madonna he bought from "a priest or somebody," which was found to be an 11th-century Norman relic.

Most of the pieces that Mario thinks are valuable are offered

to dealers. "They have shops, you know. One specializes in the 1700s, another in the 1800s. All the things they handle are from just one era—they're specialists."

Mario points out that the specialists have several advantages over dealers such as himself: Show rooms, store rooms, and enough money so that they can wait for a rich client.

"But I do the work," he smirks. "Those signori don't go looking for antiques. Once in a while, they go talk to their friends and call it an auction. But that doesn't keep their shops stocked. I'm the one who digs up cellars and roots out the attics."

Rome... Better

Pieces he can't sell to the dealers, or things of which he is particularly fond, he displays at his own stand. "Sometimes I can have a space in Naples, but it's very crowded. We'd like to set up a big market in Padua, but Rome would be even better—they don't have many antique stands in the market here."

"Romans make good customers. They realize the value of a piece. Not like the tourists—the tourists all want a Baroque angel, shipping size only, for a thousand lire."

He says his best-selling items are antique army equipment. "Swords and pistols particularly. You get a breech-loader like this one the picks up one of his collection to demonstrate and you figure you can get fifty or sixty thousand lire (\$85-\$100) for it inside of an hour. If you find one that still works..." Mario waves one hand in a circle, describing infinite wealth.

Does he think business will improve if he gets a permanent stand at Porta Portese?

"No. The problem is finding this stuff... real pieces are further off all the time."

"Television's spoiling everything. You take the ordinary contadino (citizen), you give him television, and the first thing he sees is the story of Lucrezia Borgia. And there's Count Somewhere with a pistol. 'Ecco!' he says, 'that's just like the one we've got!'"

"The next time he cleans out the shed, you think he'll sell that pistol? Magari."

PEOPLE: A Sure Cure For Lachrymosity

Announcing the results of what it proclaimed "the most exhaustive and exhausting investigation ever conducted into the subject," the Daily Sketch yesterday published the summary of a reader survey on the problem of uncontrollable weeping whilst peeling raw onions. Keep the eyes tightly shut, advised one subscriber (known to his intimates as Lefty). Peel under water, said another. Others suggested that one suck a needle, chew bread, refrain from blinking, and our next-to-favorite: don't eat onions. Every-one, of course, claimed that his method was fool-proof, among them Norman Worthington, who dons a World War II gas mask for the occasion. Mrs. Lella Kasar, for what it's worth, "wraps onions in a scarf and ties both around her head," gyre and gambole all the while. Annie Laurence wears a nylon stocking over her head; Mrs. Jean Halliwell reckons the fumes are diverted to the five matches she habitually holds in her mouth; Mrs. Mary Dinsdale whistles, "blowing it all away." Mrs. Grace Graham's solution, however, is ichi-ban with us. "Peel onion," she says, "and take a swig of your favorite tipple. Back to your onion. Another tipple. Onion. Tiddle. Onion. Tiddle. Onion. Tiddle. Onion. Tiddle. May George, upon our camp, peas, willya, Mamma's gonna lie down for a few minutes..."



Tony leaving clinic.

Collected in a Rolls-Royce by a beaming Princess Margaret, Lord Snowdon yesterday left a London clinic "feeling much better" after a two-week hospitalization and allowed as he is "going to take things easy for a while." In indirect reference to the latest report of the couple's "impending separation," a hospital spokesman volunteered that "Princess Margaret has visited her husband a lot during his stay," though Washington Post columnist Maxine Cheshire, who opened the whole can of worms, insisted during a TV interview that "if people knew the source" of her information they would "know that it was true." As for the nature of Tony's illness, nobody was still talking, though yesterday's AP might have provided a clue. Bullied the AP, "Lord Snowdon left hospital today with Princess Margaret at his side and looked just about the happiest married couple in the world." Would you believe double pneumonia?

Men's perfume that smells like money is evidently a little crass for designer Mary Quant, who has come out with a competing brand she describes as "madly manly: a combination of tobacco, tweed, basil and fresh sweat."

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